The Sydney Morning Herald.

"IN MODERATION PLACING ALL MY GLORY, WHILE TORIES CALL ME WHIG—AND WHIGS A TORY."

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Sydney, Fifteen Shillings per Quarter. Single Numbers, Sixpence. Country, Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence per Quarter. Ten per cent. discount for payment in advance, and ten per cent. added if accounts are allowed to run over six months.

VOL. XXI. TUESDAY, APRIL 7, 1846. No. 2778.

CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.
For one inch and under, Three Shillings, and One Shilling for every additional inch for each insertion.

The only persons authorised to receive Moneys and Communications on account of the "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" *(except at the Office of Publication, Lower George-street, Sydney) are* MR. WM. BALL *and* MR. ALFRED FAIRFAX, *Collectors, Sydney;* MR. WM. TRESS, *Bathurst;* MR. LABAN WHITE, *Windsor;* MR. HUGH TAYLOR, *Parramatta;* MR. A. W. LARYMORE, *Maitland and Wollombi;* MR. JOHN BROWN, *Campbelltown;* MR. JOHN COLEMAN, *Penrith;* MR. THOMAS W. PALMER, Deputy Postmaster, *Wollongong;* MR. ROBERT CRAIG, Cabinetmaker, *Goulburn;* MR. STEPHEN NUTTER, *Queanbeyan;* MR. THOMAS HOPE, Deputy Postmaster, *Singleton and Jerry's Plains;* MR. WILLIAM PRITCHARD, Deputy Postmaster, *Liverpool;* MR. MICHAEL DOYLE, *Berrima;* MR. ROBERT DAVISON, *for the District of Yass;* MR. THOMAS DOWSE, *Moreton Bay;* MR. JOHN HOULDING, Postmaster, *Raymond Terrace;* MR. PIERCE HEGARTY, *Musclebrook;* MR. HORATIO TOZER, *Port Macquarie;* MR. HENRY ALDERSON, *Clarence River;* MR. J. B. RUNDLE, *Murrurundi;* MR. W. H. MORTIMER, *Port Phillip;* MR. WM. B. RHODES, *Wellington, Port Nicholson and Cook's Straits, New Zealand;* MR. U. B. BARFOOT, *Van Diemen's Land; who are provided with Printed Receipts, with the written signatures of the Proprietors,* "KEMP AND FAIRFAX," *who hereby give Notice that no other will be acknowledged.*

The "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" *is Published every Morning (Sundays excepted); and the Quarters end the 31st March, 30th June, 30th September, and 31st December; at which periods* ONLY *can Subscribers decline by giving Notice, and paying the amount due to the end of the Current Quarter.* ADVERTISEMENTS *must specify on the face of them the number of times they are intended to be inserted, or they will be continued till countermanded, and charged to the party. No Advertisements can be withdrawn after Eleven o'clock, a. m., but new ones will be received until Nine o'clock in the Evening. No verbal communications can be attended to, and all letters must be post-paid, or they will not be taken in.*

THE HUNTER RIVER STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

DIRECTORS.
A. B. Smith, Esq., Chairman.
R. Campbell, Jun., Esq., Deputy Chairman.
H. Armitage, W. R. Scott,
T. W. Smart, G. C. Turner, Esquires.

THE COMPANY'S STEAM-PACKETS,—
Shamrock, G. Gilmore, Commander
Rose, R. L. Pattison, Commander
Thistle, W. Mulhall, Commander
Sovereign, H. Cape, Commander
Tamar, J. Allan, Commander
James Watt,
ARE APPOINTED TO SAIL AS UNDER, VIZ.:—

TO AND FROM THE HUNTER RIVER.
From Sydney, every Monday and Thursday, 8 P.M.; and every Wednesday and Saturday, at 10 P.M.
From Morpeth, every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday, at 8 A.M.

FREIGHT:
Dead weight, 12s. Measurement, 15s. per ton; Wool, 5s. per bale of 250 lbs.

FARES:

	Newcastle.	Raymond Terrace.	Morpeth.
Saloon	16s.	17s. 6d.	20s.
Fore cabin	6s.	7s. 0d.	8s.

Horses, 12s. 6d. Sheep, 6d.

FOR MORETON BAY.
A Steamer leaves SYDNEY for SOUTH BRISBANE twice a month, as advertised.
Freight: Dead weight, 30s. Measurement, 40s. per ton; Wool, 10s. per bale of 250 lbs.
Fares: Saloon ..£5. Fore cabin..£2 10s.

TO AND FROM MELBOURNE AND LAUNCESTON,
CALLING AT EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY.
The steam ship *Shamrock* runs between Sydney and the above ports, leaving Sydney on the 1st day of every month *(except when that occurs on a Sunday, and then on the 2nd.)* Her appointments will be as follow, viz.:—

TO SAIL FROM—
SYDNEY for the SOUTHWARD on the 1st
EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY, for ditto, about the 3rd
MELBOURNE for LAUNCESTON about the 8th
LAUNCESTON for MELBOURNE about the 15th
MELBOURNE for SYDNEY about the 17th
EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY, for ditto, about the 20th of every month;

TO ARRIVE AT—
EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY, from Sydney, about the 3rd
MELBOURNE from ditto, about the 6th
LAUNCESTON from ditto, about the 10th
MELBOURNE from LAUNCESTON, about the 15th
EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY, from the SOUTHWARD, about the 20th
SYDNEY from ditto, about the 22nd—of every month.

FREIGHT:—To Melbourne and Launceston, 40s. per ton.
FARES:—To Melbourne and Launceston.
Saloon, £10, *including provisions.*
Fore cabin, £4 10s. *ditto*

FROM LAUNCESTON AND MELBOURNE TO SYDNEY.
Saloon, £8, *including provisions.*
Fore cabin, £4 *ditto*

STEWARD'S FEE:
Saloon 5s. Fore cabin, 2s. 6d.
WINE, BEER, AND SPIRITS, CHARGED EXTRA.

FROM LAUNCESTON TO MELBOURNE.
FARES, *exclusive of Provisions*, Cabin, £4; Steerage, £1.
FREIGHT: Dead weight and measurement, 20s. per ton. Grain—Wheat, 5d., oats, 4d. per bushel; horses—for one, £3, for more, £2 10s. each.

The freight of goods from Sydney must be paid before shipment; and on inward cargo, previous to removal from the wharf.
N.B.—The Company will not hold itself responsible for missing goods, unless a claim is made within fourteen days from date of shipment; nor for any goods that may be lying unclaimed in the Stores above fourteen days from the date of arrival; nor for accident to, or loss of, Live Stock of any description; nor for damage to, or loss of, Deck Cargo; nor for injury by fire to goods, while on their wharfs, or in their warehouses or boats; nor for the loss of any package exceeding the value of Two Pounds, unless booked as such, and paid for accordingly.
All goods not removed within four days of their arrival will be charged store rent.
It is requested, should any incivility or inattention occur, on the part of any of the officers or servants of the Company, it may at once be mentioned to the Secretary.
Every information may be obtained from the Company's Agents, viz.:—Mr. James Taylor, Morpeth; Mr. George Tulley, Newcastle; Mr. Robert Graham, Moreton Bay; Mr. William Walker, Junr., Eden, Twofold Bay; Mr. Henry A. Smith, Melbourne; and Mr. John Thomson, Launceston.

JAMES PATERSON, Secretary.
Hunter River Wharf. 3594

REDUCTION OF FARES TO THE HUNTER,
BY THE COMPANY'S STEAM-PACKET
"SOVEREIGN," *every Monday and Thursday*, at 8, P. M.
CABIN, 6s. STEERAGE, 3s.
JAMES PATERSON, Secretary.
Hunter River Wharf. 5413

"CORNUBIA" STEAMER.
FROM KELLICK'S WHARF,
EVERY MONDAY and THURSDAY at 8 P.M., And Anlaby's, Morpeth, every Wednesday and Saturday at 8 A.M.
CABIN, 5s. STEERAGE, 2s. 6D.
5372

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS
FOR MORETON BAY.
THE Iron Steam-Packet *THISTLE*, W. Mulhall, commander, will sail for South Brisbane THIS EVENING (Tuesday), at 10 o'clock precisely.
JAMES PATERSON, Secretary.
Hunter River Wharf. 5695

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.
THE A1 Barque *MARY*, 348 tons, James Levens, Commander, will be ready for sea in a fortnight.
Apply to Captain Levien at Campbell's Wharf; or, to
5461 ROBERT HOW AND CO.

NOTICE TO THE SETTLERS OF MONEROO, AND THE SOUTHERN DISTRICTS,
WM. WALKER, JUNR., ESQ., HAS BEEN APPOINTED AGENT FOR THE HUNTER RIVER STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, AT EDEN,
TWOFOLD BAY.
GOODS for shipment by the steam-packet *SHAMROCK* Will be stored by Mr. Walker, and transmitted as follows:—
For Melbourne and Launceston, about the 3rd.
For Sydney about the 20th of every month.
JAMES PATERSON, Secretary.
Hunter River Wharf.
April 1. 5420

FIRST VESSEL FOR MELBOURNE.
THE fine packet Schooner *WAVE*, Captain Birkenshaw, will clear at the *Customs This Day.*
For freight or passage apply on board, to Captain Birkenshaw, Flour Company's Wharf, or to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 468, George-street.
April 7. 5741

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT,
THE fine fast sailing packet schooner, *PHŒBE*, 89 tons, with excellent accommodation for passengers, being established as a regular trader, is ready to receive cargo.
She is a chartered vessel, and is under engagement to sail positively on Wednesday, the 8th instant.
For freight or passage apply to Captain Bennett, on board, at Dalgarno's Wharf; or, to
MR. S. H. SMYTH, Wyatt's Buildings, 325, Castlereagh-street North.
5596

MELBOURNE.
THE PACKET BRIG *CHRISTINA*, W. W. Saunders, master, daily expected from the above port, will sail again one week after arrival, full or not full. For freight or passage, having superior accommodation, apply at the office of
A. B. SMITH AND CO.
April 6. 5709

FOR LAUNCESTON DIRECT.
THE FINE NEW BRIG *CITY OF SYDNEY*, Will sail THIS DAY, 7th instant. For freight or passage apply on board; or to
LEWIS GRANT, Flour Company's Wharf.
5670

FOR HOBART TOWN.
TO SAIL POSITIVELY ON SATURDAY MORNING.
THE favourite packet brig *LOUISA*, 182 tons, W. N. Millton, commander.
This vessel is now ready to receive cargo, and will sail as above.
For freight or passage apply on board, at the CIRCULAR WHARF; or to
JOHN MACNAMARA, Hobart Town Packet Office, Queen-street.
☞ Friday being a Custom House Holiday, parties intending to ship goods by this vessel will please do so before Thursday, at noon; and passengers' names should be given in, so that they may be cleared at the Water Police Office.
April 7. 5737

FOR HOBART TOWN.
THE fine brigantine *ADELAIDE*, 96 tons register, now loading at the Flour Company's Wharf, will sail immediately.
For freight or passage apply to
CAPTAIN GAY, On board.
5698

FOR ADELAIDE DIRECT.
THE fine fast-sailing clipper packet brig *DORSET*, David Walsh, Commander, will positively sail on Thursday, April 9.
The above vessel's accommodations are first-rate, and for punctuality and speedy passage is equalled by none in the colony.
For freight or passage apply to
J. M. SOLOMON, South Australian Packet Office, Liverpool Wharf, Near the Queen's Wharf.
April 1. 5453

FOR ADELAIDE DIRECT.
THE first-class BARQUE *MARY WHITE*, John Tucker, Commander, burthen per register 329 tons. This fine vessel has excellent accommodations for both cabin and steerage passengers, and will sail positively in all next week.
For freight or passage apply on board, at the Circular Wharf, to
CAPTAIN TUCKER; or to ROWAND, MACNAB, AND CO.
April 8. 5574

FOR CALCUTTA.
POST OFFICE PACKET FOR 1ST MAY.
THE FINE SHIP *LLOYDS*, A 1, 500 tons. For passengers only, having first-rate accommodations, apply to Captain Lewis, on board; or to
J. B. METCALFE.
April 1. 5410

FOR MANILA, TOUCHING AT BATAVIA OR SINGAPORE,
SHOULD SUFFICIENT INDUCEMENT OFFER.
THE fine fast-sailing American ship *IANTHE*, W. B. Graves, Commander, will sail for the above ports about the 20th instant. For freight or passage apply to
WILLIAM C. BOTTS, Wharf, Darling Harbour.
April 4. 5634

TO SHIPPERS OF HORSES.
FOR CALCUTTA DIRECT.
THE fine A1 barque *LLOYDS*, 463 tons, David Lewis, commander, under charter to sail at the end of April.
For freight or passage, having three poop cabins disengaged, apply to the Captain on board; or, to
5219 BUCHANAN AND CO.

FOR HONGKONG.
THE fine fast sailing brig *SARAH*, 202 tons register, Robert Duncan Espinasse, commander, will sail for Hongkong on the 13th instant. For cabin or steerage passage, and light freight, apply to
HENRY MOORE, North Kent-street.
Wanted, two apprentices for this vessel.
April 7.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.
THE fine fast sailing A1 ship *TRIAD*, 384 tons register, Alexander Lyell, commander.
This vessel is daily expected from Hobart Town to fill up with light freight. Apply to
CAMPBELL AND CO., Campbell's Wharf.
April 4. 5564

FOR LONDON DIRECT.
THE fine, fast-sailing Barque *POSTHUMOUS*, Captain Marshall.
This vessel presents a desirable opportunity for cabin, intermediate, or steerage passengers, being 7 feet between decks.
For freight or passage apply to
GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO., or J. L. MONTEFIORE AND CO., Spring-street
4431

FOR LONDON DIRECT.
THE first class British-built ship *TEMPLAR*, 565 tons register, W. E. Brown, commander, will sail the first week in April. For Freight or Passage, either cabin, intermediate, or steerage, apply to the Commander, on board; or to
J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO.
This vessel carries an experienced Surgeon. 3328

FOR LONDON DIRECT,
THE Ship *General Hewitt*, 961 tons O.M., John Hart, Commander, will be despatched the last week in April. For passage—either cabin, intermediate, or steerage, apply to the Commander, on board; or, to
J. T. ARMITAGE.
This vessel carries an experienced surgeon. 5015

FOR HULL.
FOR PASSENGERS ONLY.
THE BARQUE *DUBLIN*, Captain R. S. Wakefield, will sail for the above port about the 10th instant. For passage only, having two cabins disengaged, apply to the commander, on board; or to
MESSRS. J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO. 5463

BOAT RACES.
A MEETING will be held at Borton's, Blue Bell, Erskine and Sussex streets, this evening, Tuesday, the 7th instant, at 9 o'clock, for all Boats fifteen feet on the keel, to take place upon Easter Monday. 5696

SYDNEY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Chairman:—MR. T. W. SMART.
Deputy Chairman:—MR. CHARLES KEMP
Directors:—
MR. THOMAS HOLT, JUN.
MR. ROBERT PORTER.
MR. R. M. ROBEY.
MR. W. R. SCOTT.
Surveyor:—MR. JAMES HUME.
Secretary:—MR. GEORGE KING.

THE attention of the public is called to the advantages of insuring their property in the above Company, and also to the recent alterations made in the Deed of Settlement.
1st. The assured are entitled not only to a participation in a division of the profits, after reserving a fund of £10,000, but also to an interest in the Capital of the Company, in proportion to the amount of premiums paid.
2nd. The low rates of premium, being on ordinary risks about one half those charged by the English Companies, without any additional expense for stamps or the policy.
3rd. The very ample security to the assured, considering the average amount of losses sustained by fire.
4th. The liability of the members, which is limited in the most extreme cases that could possibly arise to four times the amount of premium paid, a sum which, though insignificant to each one separately, forms collectively a considerable amount.
5th. The repeal of the 14th clause of the deed of settlement, commonly known as the average clause, so that in future losses would be made good in terms of the Deed, according to the actual loss sustained, without any reference to the amount insured upon the property, or the value thereof, or the amount saved.
6th. The repeal of the 22nd clause of the Deed of Settlement, prohibiting the transfer of policies—there is now nothing to prevent mortgagors and others from transferring their interest in policies in this Company to whomsoever they please.
7th. The funds of the Company are to be invested in Government securities, and no portion can be employed in discounting private bills.
Applications for insurances will be received at the offices of the Company, No. 14, Jamison-street.
☞ Every facility is given to consignees and others desirous of insuring property for short periods.
GEORGE KING, Secretary.
1585

SCHOOL OF ARTS.
MEMBERS are respectfully informed that the first instalment of the British Newspapers have been received, and will be found on the tables of the Reading room.
By order of the Library Committee,
S. P. HILL, Secretary.
5723

MUDGEE PASTORAL AND AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION.

AT a Meeting held at Mudgee, for the purpose of forming an Association of the above designation, having for its object the establishment of an Annual Show of Stock, and a Ploughing Match, the following Regulations were submitted and resolved:—

1st. That an annual subscription of one pound shall constitute the subscriber a member of the Association.
2nd. That a committee of management, consisting of six members, be appointed, one of whom shall act as Honorary Treasurer and Secretary.
3rd. That an exhibition of stock and agricultural produce, and a ploughing match, shall take place at Mudgee, in the last week of the month of September in each year, and prizes be awarded from the funds of the Association, according with a detailed published list.
4th. That no agricultural produce be admitted to be shown for prizes, unless grown within the counties of Phillip, Wellington, such part of the county of Roxburgh as is within the Police District of Mudgee, and the border district of Bligh beyond the boundaries; but that no restriction be placed upon stock shown, except their being bred in the colony.
5th. That no person be permitted to exhibit stock for any prize, unless a contributor of one pound to the fund; and for the agricultural produce, a fee of two shillings and sixpence will be required from non-subscribers.
6th. That no prize be awarded when the judges shall not deem the stock or produce shown of sufficient merit.
7th. That the following gentlemen be appointed as a committee of management, the latter of whom will act as Treasurer and Secretary, viz.:—
Messrs. Robert Lowe
Henry Bayly
Nicholas P. Bayly
Edwin Rouse
George Henry Cox
William W. Lowe

Should sufficient funds be obtained, it is contemplated to offer the following prizes for competition:—

	£	s.	d.
For the best pen of five fine-woolled rams	5	0	0
For the best pen of five fine-woolled ewes	4	0	0
For the best three-year-old bull of any breed	4	0	0
For the best two-year-old bull of any breed	2	0	0
For the best yearling bull of any breed	1	0	0
For the best three-year-old heifer	3	0	0
For the best two-year-old heifer	2	0	0
For the best cow, with calf by her side	2	0	0
For the best conditioned beast for the butcher, of any age	1	0	0
For the best three-year old blood stallion	4	0	0
For the best three-year old coaching ditto	3	0	0
For the best three year-old cart ditto	3	0	0
For the best three-year-old filly	3	0	0
For the best three-year-old cart filly	2	0	0
For the best cart mare of any age, with foal at her foot	2	0	0
For the best boar pig	1	0	0
For the best sow pig	0	10	0
For the best sample of wheat, not less than three bushels, with certificate of fifty bushels of same growth and quality	1	0	0
For the best sample of maize, conditioned as above	1	0	0
For the best sample of barley, ditto	0	10	0
For the best sample of oats, ditto	0	10	0
For the best sample of cheese, sample one cheese, certificate of a quarter ton	0	10	0
For the best sample of tallow, sample two cwt., certificate of half a ton	1	0	0
For the best sample of casks, made of the wood of the district, either for tallow or provision	1	0	0
For the best ploughing with a team of two horses	3	0	0
For the best ploughing with a team of six oxen, with driver	3	0	0
For the second ploughing with oxen, if four teams compete	1	10	0
For the shepherd producing a certificate from his employer of having reared up to weaning time the greatest proportionate number of lambs to his flock of ewes; flock not less than 500	3	0	0
For the second number ditto, as above	2	0	0
For the third ditto, if equal to the number of ewes	1	0	0

At a subsequent meeting of the Committee of Management, it was resolved—
That the first show of stock and ploughing match, of the Mudgee Pastoral and Agricultural Association, be held at Mudgee on Wednesday, the 22nd April, 1846.
WILLIAM H. LOWE, Honorary Secretary.

LIST OF SUBSCRIPTIONS

	£	s.	d.
William Lawson, Esq., M.C.	2	0	0
William Bowman, Esq., M.C.	1	0	0
Robert Lowe, Esq.,	2	0	0
William W. Lowe	2	0	0
George H. Cox, Esq.,	2	0	0
Henry Bayly, Esq.,	2	0	0
Charles Lowe, Esq.,	2	0	0
Nicholas P. Bayly, Esq.,	2	0	0
Rev. James Gunther	1	0	0
James W. Lowe, Esq.	2	0	0
James Walker, Esq.,	1	0	0
Edward Cox, Esq.	1	0	0
Andrew Brown, Esq.	1	0	0
C. G. T. Chauvel, Esq	1	0	0
Mr. William Archer	1	0	0
Mr. Richard Birrell	1	0	0
Captain T. Bayliss	1	0	0
John Blarkston	1	0	0
Joseph Blarkstone	1	0	0
George Failby	1	0	0
George Bloodworth	1	0	0
Archibald Cameron	1	0	0
Andrew Dunn	1	0	0
Joseph Johnstone	1	0	0
Messrs. William Blaxland	2	0	0
" W. R. Blackman	1	0	0
" W. E. Sampson	2	0	0
Edwin Rouse, Esq.	2	0	0
George Rouse, Esq.	1	0	0
F. W. Jackson, Esq.	1	0	0
Messrs. William Lewis	1	0	0
" Thomas Spicer	1	0	0
" Richard Hassall	1	0	0
" William Hipkins	0	10	0
" Edwin Orphan	0	10	0
" James Bruce	1	0	0
" Matthew Doyle	0	10	0
" George Brown	0	10	0
" Richard Jackson	0	10	0
" William Robinson	0	10	0
" James Paulin	0	10	0
" George Gibbs	0	5	0

WEST CUMBERLAND AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

AT A MEETING of the above Society, held at Penrith, March 30th, 1846, R. C. LETHBRIDGE, Esq., V.P., in the chair, it was resolved that the following prizes should be offered for competition, at a Show Meeting, to be held on the Society's Ground, at Regentville, the 10th day of June, 1846:—

A prize of £3, for the best plough drawn by a pair of horses driven with reins
" " £2, for the second best plough drawn by a pair of horses driven with reins
" " £2, for the best horse plough, driven by a youth under 18 years of age
" " £3, for the best plough drawn by bullocks
" " £2, for the second best plough drawn by bullocks
" " £2, for the best plough drawn by bullocks, guided and driven by youths under 18 years of age

A prize of £3, for the best 3-year-old colonial bred stallion
" " £2, for the best 3-year-old colonial bred coaching stallion
" " £2, for the best 3-year old colonial bred cart stallion
" " £2, for the best 3-year-old colonial bred mare
" " £2, for the best 3-year-old colonial bred coaching mare
" " £2, for the best 3-year-old colonial bred cart mare
The Society's Gold Medal, for the best thorough-bred stallion, either imported or colonial
A prize of £3, for the best 3-year-old colonial bred bull
" " £2, for the best 3-year-old colonial bred heifer

A prize of £1, for the best colonial bred boar
" " £1, for the best colonial bred sow

The Society's Silver Medal, for the best sample of tobacco grown and manufactured in the colony; samples not less than 56 lbs. weight
£1, for the best sample of leaf tobacco; sample not less than 20 lbs.
£2, for the best sample of wheat } Samples not less than 3 bushels.
£2, for the best sample of English barley }
£2, for the best sample of oats }

A prize of £3, for the best sample of colonial wine; samples not less than 3 bottles
" " £2, for the second best sample of colonial wine; samples not less than 3 bottles
£2, for the best sample of colonial ale; sample not less than 5 gallons
£2, " " of colonial hops; sample not less than 5 lbs.
£1, " " of bees' wax; sample not less than 4 lbs.
£2, " " of colonial pickles; sample not less than 4 bottles
£1, " " of preserved fruit; sample not less than 6 bottles
£1, " " of colonial raisins; sample not less than 5 lbs.
£1, " " of vinegar; samples not less than 3 bottles
£2, " " of cheese; sample not less than 3 cheeses
£1, " " of parchment; sample not less than 3 skins
A prize of £2, for the farm servant who has been longest in the service of one master
" " £2, for the domestic servant who has been longest in the service of one master

REGULATIONS.
Three ploughs to start, or no prize will be given; and no second prize will be given unless five ploughs start, except for the prize for youths, for which two competitors will be sufficient; and youths to be entitled to compete for the prize for the best plough as well as for the prize for youths.
That no stock or article that gained a prize at the meeting of the Penrith, Emu, and Nepean Association, shall be entitled to compete for the prizes at the Show Meeting on the 10th June, 1846.
That with reference to the exhibition of Stock, Agriculture, and other produce, certificates, or such other satisfactory proofs of ownership, production, culture, &c., as may be required by the Judges, must be submitted, and when no competition exists no prize will be awarded unless for articles possessing extraordinary merit.
That every member shall upon the payment of his annual subscription of £1 be entitled to compete for any of the prizes, and that non-subscribers resident in the County of Cumberland, Cook, and Camden, may compete for the premiums for agricultural produce and ploughing upon payment of a fee of 2s. 6d. upon each entry.
That in case of any stock or other property being brought for sale, on the company's ground on the day of the show meeting, no auctioneer shall be allowed to sell unless he be a member of the society.
No booth for the sale of spirits will be allowed on the company's ground, and booths for the sale of wine, ale, and beer, will be admitted on the payment of £2 to the Committee.
GEORGE MARTYR, Hon. Sec.
5620

LIST OF SUBSCRIPTIONS paid towards a Testimonial to Dr. Leichhardt and his party.

	£	s.	d.	PAID.
Amount already advertised	584	16	6	,,
W. H. Suttor, M.C.	20	0	0	,,
Alexander Berry, M.C.	5	0	0	,,
Captain King, R.N.	5	0	0	,,
Charles Nicholson, M.C.	3	3	0	,,
Martyn and Coombes	2	2	0	,,
James J. Riley	2	2	0	,,
Charles Bath	2	2	0	,,
J. B. Holdsworth	1	1	0	,,
E. C. Weekes	1	1	0	,,
Edwin Daintry	1	1	0	,,
James Dunlop	1	1	0	,,
John Rickards	1	1	0	,,
F. O. Darvall	1	1	0	,,
John Sands	1	1	0	,,
Archibald Mitchell	1	0	0	,,
G. B. Suttor	1	0	0	,,
	£633	12	6	

ROBERT GRAHAM, Hon. Sec. and Treasurer.
5756

CHURCH OF ENGLAND LAY ASSOCIATION FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, HAWKESBURY, AND NEPEAN BRANCH.
A GENERAL MEETING of the members of the several districts of this branch will be held at the Church of England Schoolhouse in Richmond, on Wednesday, the 8th day of April next. The chair will be taken by the President of the Branch at one o'clock P.M.
Seats for ladies will be provided.
March 28. 5343

PETERSHAM RACES.
EASTER MONDAY, 13TH APRIL, 1846.
FIRST RACE—£5 given by the proprietor of the course, Mr. Thomas Shaw, for all hack horses that never won a prize or stake, with a sweepstakes of £1 each added. Heats once round the course; entrance £1; three entrances or no race; weight for age.
SECOND RACE—A purse of £2, with a sweepstakes of 10s. each added, for all ponies not exceeding 13 hands high. Heats once round the course; entrance 10s.; three entrances or no race; catch weights.
THIRD RACE—A new saddle, value £4, given by the proprietor of the course, for all beaten horses. Twice round the course; entrance 10s.; post entrance; three entrances or no race.
All horses to be entered at Mr. James Oatley's, Sportsman's Arms, on Saturday, 11th April, between the hours of 7 and 10, P.M.
Entrance on the course—Carriages, 2s.; gigs, 1s. 6d.; saddle horses, 1s. 5710

HOMEBUSH RACES,—1846.
STEWARDS.
MR. G. C. TURNER,
MR. R. FITZGERALD,
CAPTAIN APPERLEY.
JUDGE.
MR. NELSON LAWSON.
CLERK OF THE COURSE.
MR. A. WAY.

FIRST DAY, WEDNESDAY, MAY 27TH.
FIRST RACE.
THE METROPOLITAN MAIDEN PLATE of One Hundred Sovereigns, for all horses that have never won; weight for age; once round the course, to start at the three mile post. Entrance, five sovereigns.
SECOND RACE.
The ALL-AGED STAKES of five sovereigns each, with fifty sovereigns added, for all horses; weight for age; three miles. (Maidens allowed 5 lbs.) Entrance, three sovereigns.
THIRD RACE.
The TRIAL STAKES of ten sovereigns each, (five sovereigns forfeit if declared to the Honorary Secretary at the Royal Hotel, on the 1st of May, between the hours of one and two, P.M.), with forty sovereigns added, for two year olds; once round the course. Colts 7 st. 7 lbs., fillies 7 st. 4 lbs. Entrance, three sovereigns.
FOURTH RACE.
The WELTER STAKES of three sovereigns each, with twenty sovereigns added, for all horses; three year olds 10 st., four ditto 10 st. 12 lbs., five 11 st. 7 lbs., six and aged 12 st. Heats, twice round. Entrance, two sovereigns.

SECOND DAY, THURSDAY, MAY 28TH.
FIRST RACE.
The SQUATTERS' PURSE of Fifty Sovereigns, with a Sweepstakes of Three Sovereigns each, for all horses, carrying the same weights as in the Welter Stakes. Heats twice round. Gentlemen riders. Entrance, Two Sovereigns.
☞ The remainder of the day reserved for hack races and matches.

THIRD DAY, FRIDAY, MAY 29TH.
FIRST RACE.
The AUSTRALIAN PLATE of Seventy Sovereigns, for all horses; weight for age; twice round the course. (Maidens allowed 5 lbs.) Entrance, Four Sovereigns.
SECOND RACE.
The ST. LEGER STAKES of Ten Sovereigns each, (Five Sovereigns forfeit if declared to the Honorary Secretary at the Royal Hotel, on the 1st of May, between the hours one and two P.M.), with Fifty Sovereigns added; for three year olds, one mile and a half. Colts 8st. 7lbs., fillies 8st. 4lbs. Entrance, Three Sovereigns.
THIRD RACE.
The LADIES' PURSE of Thirty Sovereigns, with a Sweepstakes of Five Sovereigns each, for all horses; weight for age. (Maidens allowed 5 lbs.) Heats once round the course. Entrance, Two Sovereigns.
FOURTH RACE.
The BEATEN STAKES of Three Sovereigns each, with Twenty Sovereigns added, for all beaten horses during the meeting, to be handicapped by the Stewards, or whom they may appoint; one mile and a half. Post entrance.
All horses (except for the St. Leger and Trial Stakes), to be entered at the Royal Hotel, on Saturday, May 16, between the hours of seven and nine P.M.
For weights, rules, &c., VIDE "Rules and Regulations of the Australian Jockey Club," to be obtained on application to the Honorary Secretary.
To start each day at one o'clock precisely.
2575

REMOVED TO 452, GEORGE-STREET, NEAR THE POST-OFFICE.
TEETH.—MR. J. EMANUEL, Examined, Surgical and Mechanical Dentist, Member of the College of Surgeons of Holland, continues to invite attention to his beautiful and unequalled method of fixing the newly discovered artificial silecious teeth, which never change colour, break, or decay, and defy detection. His method is simple, and success so certain that he will readily undertake any case wherein others have failed. Guaranteed to answer mastication and articulation. Teeth extracted, stopped, and cleansed.
☞ Mr. E.'s charges are strictly moderate to meet the means of all classes.
Instantaneous relief for the tooth-ache sold in bottles at 2s. 6d., and 5s. per bottle.
Observe—*Private door of Mr. Peek, Grocer.*
9128

REMOVAL.
THE undersigned begs to notify that he has removed his office, from his residence in Bligh-street, to No. 555, George-street, next door to the Bank of Australasia, where his business as ACCOUNTANT will be continued.
ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, 555, George-street.
January 28. 2075

MR. WOOLLS begs to inform the parents and guardians of his pupils, that at the end of the present quarter he proposes to remove his establishment to Blacktown, where arrangements will be made to receive a limited number of boarders.
Parramatta, April 4th, 1846. 5570

ESTABLISHED 1842.
SERVANTS' REGISTRY OFFICE,
NORTH CASTLEREAGH-STREET.
DISENGAGED:

Superintendents	Overseers
Bullock-drivers	Coachmen
Gardeners	Grooms
Dairymen	Milkmen
Farm labourers, married and single	
Shepherds	Stockmen
Mechanics	

MALE and FEMALE House Servants of every description, with characters and discharges from their last places.
☞ Post-paid applications, containing a description of the servant or mechanic required, and a remittance to defray the requisite expenses, attended to with punctuality and despatch.
5788 J. FREDERICK JOHNSON.

FOWLER'S COLONIAL BLACKING.
WE, the undersigned, Boot and Shoe Makers, of Sydney, having used Fowler's Blacking, do recommend it to the public as being equal to any imported:—

John Cornell	James Beatie
Thomas Keik	Richard Leftwich
Thomas Peate	William Johnston
Charles Tibbey	James Vickery
T. and M. Bennett	Francis Matthews
Thomas Heley	William Soole
John Jones	Robert Fitzgerald
George Petterson	William Phillips

N.B.—Sold wholesale at the Manufactory, Castlereagh-street, seven doors south of Market-street. 5714

SUPREME COURT JUDGMENTS.
JUST PUBLISHED, by Kemp and Fairfax, price 10s 6d.,
THE RESERVED AND EQUITY JUDGMENTS.
of the Supreme Court of New South Wales, delivered during the year 1845. The whole of these judgments were printed from the manuscripts of the Judges, with which the publishers were obligingly furnished for the purpose.
Royal 8vo., pp. 106.
To be had at Ford's, George-street; Colman's, George street; Moffitt's, Pitt-street; and at the Office of the *Sydney Morning Herald.*

WRAPPING PAPERS,
AT REDUCED PRICES.
THE undersigned having to make room for extensive shipments (by every Packet that leaves London), of the above papers, which being purchased at the mills for cash, enables him to supply the public at prices that defy competition, by the ream, for cash only.
N.B.—A liberal allowance to purchasers by the bale.

FOR GROCERS AND GENERAL SHOPKEEPERS.

	s.	d.
Grocers' heavy royal hand sugar paper, 36 lbs., per ream	12	6
Ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto, 44 lbs., per ream	14	6
Ditto superfine ditto ditto ditto ditto, double 2 lbs., per ream	11	0
Ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto, 4 lbs., per ream	19	0
Ditto fine quality tea paper, the large broad size, 20 lbs., per ream	10	0
Ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto, 24 lbs., per ream	12	0
Fine small hand counter paper, for general use, per ream	4	0
Ditto double small hand, the full size, per ream	4	6

FOR IRONMONGERS, &c.

	s.	d.
Fine double royal small cap brown, extra large, per ream	11	6
Fine royal bag cap ditto, 28 lbs., per ream	11	6
Ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto, 34 lbs., per ream	14	0
Ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto 38 lbs., very stout, per ream	16	0
Ditto full size imperial brown, 60 lbs., per ream	21	0
Ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto, 80 lbs., per ream	25	0
Ditto ditto double imperial cap, 110 lbs., per ream	40	0
Ditto double antiquarian brown, the largest made, 240 lbs., per ream	75	0

The above are superfine brown papers of the best make.

FOR MERCERS, DRAPERS &c.

	s.	d.
Double small hand, full size and good colour, per ream	4	6
Superfine ditto ditto ditto ditto, 12, 14, and 16 lbs., per ream	7	0
Ditto royal cartridge paper, good colour, 40 lbs., per ream	25	0

With cartridge of all weights and sizes.

FOR HATTERS, &c.

	s.	d.
Superfine blue wove double crown paper, extra large, 16 lbs., per ream	10	0
Ditto royal hand cap paper, extra large, 16 lbs. per ream	7	6
Ditto blue wove double crown tissue paper, very fine, per ream	20	0
Hatters' skins of all colours, at per dozen	48	0

WM. MOFFITT, 301, Pitt-street.
5586

FOR SALE,
THE Cargo of the *Ianthe*, from New York, consisting of—
Tobacco, Negrohead and Cavendish
Mess beef and pork
Dried apples, pickles, soap
Potashes, pitch, rosin
Brandy, gin, red wine
Pilot bread, water crackers
Bright and black varnish
White oak pipe staves
Champagne cider
Stoves, for parlours and kitchens, various
Glass lamps, &c., &c., &c.
WILLIAM C. BOTTS, Wharf, Darling Harbour.
March 17. 4624

ON SALE AT THE WAREHOUSE OF THE UNDERSIGNED.
THE Cargo of the brig *Sarah*, from China and Manila, consisting of—
Congou tea in chests and half chests
White and coloured matting
Sugar
Manila wool lashing
Coffee
Empty sugar mats
ALSO,
Kangaroo skins
Three bales isinglass
HENRY MOORE, North Kent-street.
March 11. 5482

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

CLEARANCES.

April 6.—*Cecilia*, barque, Captain Pearce, for Port Nicholson, via Twofold Bay.

April 6.—*William*, brig, Captain Thom, for Launceston. Passengers—Mr. D. Kay, Mr. R. R. Johnson, and Mr. A. Cook.

April 6.—*Heroine*, schooner, Captain Mackenzie, for Port Essington and Singapore. Passengers—Mr. Percy Earl, Rev. A. Confalonière, Mr. James Fagan, Mr. Hogan, and Mr. R. Stubbs.

April 6.—*Kate*, schooner, Captain Salmon, for Port Nicholson. Passengers—Mr. Lane and Mr. Hooper.

IMPORTS.

April 6.—*Adelaide*, schooner, 96 tons, Captain Gay, from Launceston:—7 hogsheads brandy, J. G. Waller; 8 cases drapery, J. S. Willis; 300 staves, H. Gay; 200 bags potatoes, 32 bags onions, 13 baskets apples, 6 hogsheads brandy, W. Deane; 4 cases skins, J. Hopkins; 1000 bushels barley, R. and E. Tooth; 73 bags potatoes, 19 trusses hay, J. Billerwell; 1½ tons onions, 10 cwt. potatoes, Order.

April 6.—*Lexington*, American whaling ship, 309 tons, Captain Weeks, from the Whale Fishery: 1100 barrels sperm, 750 barrels black oil, S. Wilkinson, junior.

EXPORTS.

April 6.—*Cecilia*, barque, Captain Pearse, for Wellington, via Twofold Bay: 4 hogsheads Bengal rum, 91 bags sugar, 14 bags rice, 6 coils rope, 4 bales gunny bags, 2 cases castor oil, 45 bags salt, 5 packages canvas, 1 case cigars, 2 kegs tobacco, Robert Towns; 3 packages leather, 1 package groceries, G. D. Craig; 20 casks bottled beer, 28 packages ironmongery, 4 quarter-casks sherry, 2 hogsheads brandy, W. M'Donell; 4 bales 4 cases apparel, Buyers and Lochhead.

April 6.—*Heroine*, schooner, Captain Mackenzie, for Port Essington and Singapore: 6 cases port wine, 2 quarter casks sherry, 2 cases paper, 2 cases drugs, 6 packages apparel, T. Earl; 1 box tea, Commissariat.

COASTERS INWARDS.

April 6.—*Aurora*, 16, Leftwich, from Brisbane Water, with 4000 feet timber, 800 palings, 6000 shingles; *Primus*, 38, Sommerville, from Lake Macquarie, with 40 tons coals; *Traveller's Bride*, 30, Brown, from the Paterson, with 1264 bushels wheat, 2092 bushels maize; *Union*, 32, Bloxham, from Shoalhaven, with 120 hides, 52 casks tallow, 600 bushels maize, 2 barrels oil; *Trial*, 36, Bamford, from the William River, with 769 bushels wheat, 90 bushels maize, 200 bushels barley; *Neptune*, 15, Orpen, from Brisbane Water, with 3500 feet timber, 25,000 shingles, 1 keg butter, 1 box bananas, 32 bushels wheat; *Rainbow*, 18, Cox, from Brisbane Water, with 45,000 shingles, 5500 feet timber; *Newport Packet*, 8, M'Guigan, from Brisbane Water, with 250 bushels shells, 3 tons salt; *Dove*, 14, Hart, from Brisbane Water, with 400 bushels shells; *Harriet*, 15, Crause, from Brisbane Water, with 4000 feet timber, 1000 shingles, 2000 laths; *Sisters*, 15, Books, from the Hawkesbury, with 300 bushels wheat, 200 bushels maize, 100 bushels oats, 1 ton potatoes; *Ruth*, 14, Robinson, from Port Aiken, with 250 bushels shells, 8000 shingles, 50 bushels wheat; *Maria Prudence*, 26, M'Neil, from Wollongong, with 300 bushels wheat, 100 bushels barley, 100 bushels corn, 20 casks butter, 4 bags hops, 4000 feet timber, 600 hands grass; *Bride*, 19, Shakeshaft, from the Hawkesbury, with 130 bushels wheat, 700 bushels corn, 6000 shingles; *Cricket Player*, 12, Loutit, from the Hawkesbury, with 600 bushels maize; *Lucy Ann*, 37, Sheridan, from Newcastle, with 40 tons coals; *Ann*, 62, Sommerville, from Newcastle, with 62 tons coals; *Ariel*, 72, Collins, from Newcastle, with 80 tons coals; *Elizabeth*, 26, Barter, from Newcastle, with 26 tons coals; *Sarah*, 49, Matthews, from Newcastle, with 50 tons coals; *Brothers*, 27, Campbell, from Newcastle, with 35 tons coals; *Sister*, 45, Korff, from Newcastle, with 56 tons coals; *Sovereign*, steamer, 119, Cape, from Morpeth, with 120 bags wheat, 72 bags corn, 130 bags bran, 68 bales wool, 25 bundles sheepskins, 150 hides, 100 trusses hay; *Cornubia*, steamer, 94, Stericker, from Morpeth, with 25 bales wool, 15 bags maize, 22 bags wheat, 26 bags barley, 28 hides, 30 trusses hay, 42 bags bran, 24 pigs.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

April 6.—*Cornubia*, steamer, 94, Stericker, for Morpeth, with sundries; *Sovereign*, steamer, 119, Cape, for Morpeth, with sundries; *Ann*, 62, Sommerville, for Newcastle, with sundries; *Primus*, 38, Sommerville, for Newcastle, with sundries; *Elizabeth*, 26, Barter, for Newcastle, in ballast; *Brothers*, 27, Campbell, for Newcastle, in ballast; *Sister*, 45, Korff, for Newcastle, in ballast; *Neptune*, 15, Orpen, for Brisbane Water, with sundries; *Newport Packet*, 8, M'Guigan, for Brisbane Water, in ballast; *Harriet*, 15, Crause, for Brisbane Water, with sundries; *Sarah*, 49, Matthews, for Lake Macquarie, with sundries; *Ruth*, 14, Robinson, for Port Aiken, with sundries; *Mary Ann*, 12, Christy, for the Hawkesbury, with sundries; *Lucy Ann*, 37, Sheridan, for Port Stephens and Newcastle, with sundries; *Rainbow*, 18, Cox, for Brisbane Water, with sundries; *Waterwitch*, 32, Young, for Broulee, with sundries; *Aurora*, 16, Leftwich, for Brisbane Water, with sundries.

The barque *Indus*, 377 tons, Captain Mackenzie, and the *Berenice*, 332 tons, Cundy, were laid on the berth at Liverpool for Sydney direct. The barque *Seymour* was advertised to leave there for Sydney positively on the 5th December. The *St. Vincent*, 800 tons, Captain Young was to leave London for Sydney on the 1st December. The *Emu*, 460, Smith, was to sail for Adelaide on the 15th December. The *Royal Saxon*, Charlesworth, was to sail positively on the 15th December for Sydney.

SHIPS FOR ENGLAND.—The *Dublin* will leave on Sunday next in tow of a steamer; the *Persian*, *Midlothian*, and *Templar*, will get away about the 15th instant.

The barque *Judith* left Newcastle for Auckland last Saturday morning.

The following account of the cargo on board the *St. Vincent*, which was to leave London two days after the *St. George*, has been kindly furnished us by a gentleman who has received the account privately:—40 coils rope, 30 hogsheads beer, 7 cases drapery, 62 cases pickles, 100 hogsheads beer, 100 hogsheads rum, 20 hogsheads gin, 20 cases type, 1 case guns, 10 cases iron bedsteads, 3 casks hardware, 7 cases drapery, 2 bundles scythe handles, 1 cask hardware, 14 packets hops, 6 carroteels currants, 4 bales woollens, 112 boxes pickles, 100 casks blacking, 270 tons salt, 6 barrels ginger, 20 hogsheads brandy, 20 casks paints, 3 casks cutlery, 8 cases drapery, 30 casks wine, 4 bags pepper, 1 crate wedding, 18 packages drapery, 4 crates earthenware, 18 packages Manchester goods, 25 cases pickles, 10 cases preserves, 13 casks salts, 2 casks hardware, 2 cases hardware, 2 butts wine, 2 cases hats, 4 bales cotton goods, 3 cases wine, 30 packages drapery, 200 boxes gin, 400 casks beer, 20 half-hogsheads vinegar, 10 cases drapery, 10 barrels raisins, 1 case almonds, 2 bundles walking sticks, 70 boxes starch, 13 casks tobacco, 12 packages drapery, 4 cases silk, 4 cases lace, 14 hogsheads wine, 4 quarter-casks wine, 45 coils rope, 10 bales canvas, 3 cases linen, 400 cases wine, 20 packages hops, 8 cases drapery, 13 packages drapery, 36 boxes pickles, 27 boxes pickles, 24 boxes pickles, 5 crates earthenware.

THE "BEAGLE'S" SURVEY.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—An extract from the *Launceston Examiner*, headed "the *Beagle's Survey*," appeared in your paper of Thursday morning, in which it professes to discover some material errors in the excellent chart of Bass's Strait, which has been constructed from that survey. I beg, through the medium of your paper, to show that some of them at least do not exist.

King's Island is there stated to be in 145 east, and that the meridan which passes through it is incorrectly marked as 144·, whereas it is well known that the latter is the correct longitude, as originally established by Flinders, and confirmed by succeeding navigators, and which I have often proved to be correct by chronometrical admeasurement from this port.

In the *Beagle's* chart in my possession the other meridians here alleged to be incorrect, viz., the three which pass near Cape Liptrap, Stony Head, and the Sisters, are severally marked as 146, 147, 148·, whereas your extract states them to be marked in the *Beagle's* chart, (to which the same date of publication is appended as to mine) as 145·, 146·, 147·. Now it is quite evident there is a bungling error in this account, for between King's Island and Cape Liptrap there is an actual difference of longitude of two degrees, whereas it states the former to lie in 145· and the latter 146·.

I do not see how we can reconcile the different assertions in this paragraph, unless another edition of the chart than that I have seen has been published, in which two meridians have been numbered alike. If such be the case, which is scarcely possible, the error of that edition must be so palpable as that no man of common sense would be misguided by it. In endeavouring to guard against error the author of that paragraph has committed one which might have been attended with fatal consequences, for by publicly asserting that King's Island is a degree further to the eastward than marked in the chart, any stranger depending on that, by supposing he had a degree more to run in from the westward, might run on King's Island, as was the case with the *Cataraqui*, which was lost principally from supposing they had more distance to run than they actually had.

While on this subject, I beg to state one error in this chart, which I lately discovered, viz., the leading course into Port Phillip Heads is printed N E by E; whereas the leading line is drawn as it should be, N. E by N., magnetic. I was told by one of the pilots there that the brig *Novel* was nearly lost in the night by running for the light on the former bearing.

I am, Gentlemen,

Yours, &c.,

A COLONIAL SKIPPER.

Sydney, April 4.

DIARY.

MEMORANDUM FOR THIS DAY.

April.		SUN, rises	SUN, sets	HIGH WATER morn	HIGH WATER even-ing
7	TUESDAY	6 18	5 42	4 54	5 18

Moon: Full, 59 m. past 3, A.M., April 12.

TO THE PUBLIC.

SUBSCRIBERS to this Journal, paying in advance, are reminded that they are *only entitled to ten per cent. discount on paying punctually in advance* at the *commencement of the quarter*. Persons wishing to decline must pay arrears. 5291

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

THIS EVENING, APRIL 7, 1846.

WILL be presented, for the last time, the Grand Romantic and Musical Drama of FAUSTUS. Faustus, Mr. Griffiths; Count di Casanovo, Mr. Lazar; Count Orsini, Mr. J. Howson, Mephistophiles, Mr. Arabin; Wagner, Mr. F. Howson; Brevillo, Mr. Simes; Rosolie, Madame Carandini; Adine, Mrs. Stirling; Lucetta, Mrs. Wallace. A Pas de Deux, by Signor Carandini and Madame Torning. A Comic Song, by Mr. F. Howson. A Dance, by Mr. Fitzgerald. To conclude with the laughable Farce of THE WATER WITCHES. Fanny Sparks, Mrs. Ximenes; Caroline Dormer, Mrs. Stirling; Clara Courtney, Madame Carandini; Maria Brooks, Mrs. Wallace; Polly Mittens, Madame Torning; Tom Townsend, Mr. Griffiths; Augustus Weston, Mr. Hambleton; Frank Harland, Mr. Arabin; Charles Chester, Mr. F. Howson; Joe Smith, Mr. Simes.

THE

Sydney Morning Herald.

TUESDAY, APRIL 7, 1846

"Sworn to no master, of no sect am I."

THE ENGLISH NEWS.

THE papers received *via* India last month appear to have put us in possession of almost every item of importance that had occurred, and the English journals received by the *St. George* are consequently most uninteresting.

We have been unable to ascertain when Sir CHARLES FITZROY was expected to embark for this colony. An account of his taking leave of the Legislature of Antigua will be found in another part of the paper. His EXCELLENCY appears to have been most deservedly popular; but if he is compelled to attempt to carry out the provisions of Lord STANLEY'S Land Act, and the obnoxious squatting regulations, he will not long be popular in this colony.

We perceive that several of the London journals are admitting correspondence on the squatting question. The letters, although highly important as conveying information to the English people, would not be interesting to our readers, as they contain nothing with which the colonists are not well acquainted. Among those to whom the colony is indebted (besides several anonymous writers) are Mr. CHARLES GRIFFITHS, of Port Phillip, and Mr. SAMUEL BROWNING.

The question in England was the introduction of corn duty free, or at any rate at a small fixed duty. Cabinet meetings were being held almost daily, and the report out of doors was that there was a difference of opinion in the ministry, the Duke of WELLINGTON opposing any further progress in the direction of free trade, and Sir ROBERT PEEL wishing to abolish the corn laws. Mr. HUTT had given notice of his intention to bring the admission of Australian corn before the house early in the session, but we expect that the general question of the corn laws will first have to be decided.

There was a report that Lord STANLEY would retire from the ministry, and hand the seals of the Colonial Office to Mr. W. E. GLADSTONE.

A few extracts will be found in another part of the paper.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT.

MONDAY.

BEFORE His Honor the CHIEF JUSTICE.

HORSE-STEALING.

John Smith pleaded not guilty to an information by which he was charged with having, at the Nepean, on the 11th of February last, stolen a horse, the property of one William Whiteman. From the evidence adduced on the part of the Crown, it appeared that Whiteman missed the horse in question (which was a chestnut colour) from his paddock on the morning of the day mentioned in the information, having seen it safe on the preceding night. From information which he received, Whiteman was enabled to track the prisoner and the missing animal along the road, and to secure him with the horse in his possession in the course of the same day. Previous to his apprehension the prisoner had applied to two different persons to sell him an old saddle and bridle, but without success, and was at this time mounted upon Whiteman's horse, although he denied all knowledge of the transaction at the time he was apprehended.

The prisoner offered no defence, beyond a general denial of his guilt, alleging that if he had really taken the horse, he must have done so while he was in a state of intoxication, as he had no recollection whatever of the matter.

His HONOR having briefly summed up, the Jury, without leaving the box, found a verdict of guilty, and the prisoner was sentenced to be worked in irons upon the public roads for the space of three years. At a subsequent period of the day, however, it was ascertained that the police history of this man had been a very bad one, inasmuch as he had been twice sent to iron gangs for absconding and horse stealing, and had been six times punished for other offences. Finding this to be the case, His Honor directed the prisoner to be again placed at the bar, and having cancelled the former sentence, told the prisoner that under all the circumstances he should send him out of the country. The prisoner was then sentenced to be transported for ten years.

BURGLARY.

James Smith alias *James M'Grath* was placed at the bar charged with having, between the night of the 16th of January last, and the morning of the succeeding day, burglariously entered the dwelling-house of one Thomas Lowe, at Sydney, and with having stolen therefrom a pair of trowsers and a petticoat, the property of Edmund Hogan.

It appeared that Hogan, who was a small settler, was lodging with his wife on the night in question at the house of his brother-in-law, Thomas Love, (not Thomas Lowe, as stated in the information) in Exeter-place. Having come to Sydney with produce, Hogan had been out late collecting the proceeds of his sales, and and did not retire to rest until after eleven o'clock. About an hour or an hour and a half after this Mrs. Hogan awoke, and to her astonishment saw two men in the room, one of whom seemed to be watching the bed and its inmates, while the other was searching the clothes at the bed side. Mrs. Hogan immediately gave the alarm, and the men ran away, carrying with them the clothes, but pretty nearly the whole neighbourhood was aroused, and the men were briskly pursued; finding themselves hard pressed the men threw away the clothes which they had taken, among which were the articles of clothing mentioned in the information, and they ran off in different direction. A man named Hillam, who resided near the scene of the robbery, pursued the two men, and kept the prisoner, who was one of them, in view, until he arrived near Mr. Lyons's buildings, where, with the assistance of a night-watchman, he was secured and was taken due care of until a constable arrived to whom he was given in charge. The night of the robbery was a very clear one, and the moon was shining with unusual brightness, so that Mrs. Hogan had been able to see clearly the features of the man, and she identified the prisoner as that individual. Another circumstance which told strongly against the prisoner, was, that at the time he was taken he alleged that he had but about 15s. or 16s. in his possession, whereas upon his being searched, it was discovered that he had £1 more in silver than he had represented, and the amount found with him precisely corresponded, when placed with some silver found upon the ground near the articles of clothing, with the sum Hogan had missed.

The prisoner denied having had anything to do with the robbery, and declared that he was on his return from a visit to an acquaintance when he was taken into custody.

The CHIEF JUSTICE told the Jury, that owing to the discrepancy between the name stated in the information as that of the occupier of the dwelling-house, and the actual name of the person who had been called in as a witness in that character, the prisoner must be acquitted as far as the charge of burglary was concerned; but this would not affect the charge of larceny, upon which the Jury might, if they thought the evidence sufficient, find a verdict of guilty. His Honor then proceeded to comment upon the evidence and its bearing.

The Jury, without leaving the box, found a verdict of guilty; and it appeared upon inquiry that the prisoner had been convicted of burglary before the Supreme Court in the year 1835, when sentence of death was recorded against him, and he was sent to Norfolk Island for life. Under these circumstances His Honor sentenced the prisoner to be transported for seven years, with an intimation that a special memorandum would be made to prevent his return to the colony, and that he might conceive himself fortunate in having been convicted of the minor offence only.

The prisoner had the effrontery to apply for the money which had been taken from him, alleging that as it had not been sworn to, he was entitled to have it; but this application was of course an unsuccessful one, and the money was handed over to Hogan.

ATTEMPT AT MURDER.

Edward Maher was placed at the bar, charged with having at Tarban Creek, on the 15th of January last, by various means caused bodily injury dangerous to life to Joseph Thomas Digby, with intent to murder him. A second count of the information charged the prisoner with having inflicted the same injuries with intent to do Mr. Digby some grievous bodily harm.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL having briefly stated the circumstances of the case, the evidence for the Crown was proceeded with, and from this evidence it appeared that Mr. Digby, by whom the injuries had been received, was the Superintendent of the Lunatic Asylum at Tarban Creek, and the prisoner was one of the convict keepers attached to that establishment. On the forenoon of the day mentioned in the information the prisoner was ordered with some others to proceed to Sydney, with the view of having a investigation, before the Hyde Park Barrack Police Court, into a quarrel between himself and a fellow prisoner, in which the latter had received much injury. Before this, it had been a practice whenever any of the assigned servants or keepers misbehaved themselves to take them before the Parramatta Bench, and Maher was the first person whom it had been proposed to take to Sydney. This change was made in consequence of a suggestion from Captain Innes, who was the visiting magistrate of the Asylum, but the prisoner appeared to think that he was unjustly treated, in having a distinction made between his case and that of other persons who had been before dealt with. The prisoner expressed this dissatisfaction in strong terms, and appeared so far excited, that Mr. Digby deemed it prudent before accompanying him to the steam-boat to call upon the free overseer to accompany them. The path through the bush, from the Asylum to the river side, was a short one, but before Mr. Digby and the prisoner had proceeded far from the building, the latter knocked the former down by a blow inflicted on the side of the head with his fist, and proceeded to kick him about the head with extreme violence. The overseer, who was some distance behind, ran back to the Asylum for assistance, and a servant of Mr. Thomas Stubbs, who was passing near the spot, rushed to the help of the fallen man, and succeeded in pulling the prisoner away, although from the size and strength of the latter (who was a remarkably tall and powerfull man) he was unable to prevent Mr. Digby from receiving three or four kicks even after he (the witness) had come up. The prisoner continued to kick Mr. Digby with extreme ferocity until he was compelled by force to give over, but did not offer to strike those who interfered, or to make his escape from the spot, on the contrary he walked up to the hall of the Asylum, and surrendered himself; Mr. Digby was quite insensible, and was believed to be dead, his head being dreadfully cut and bruised, but prompt and ample surgical attendance having been rendered, he was so far recovered in the course of a week as to be able to walk out; in the first instance, however, Mr. Digby's life was despaired of, and his memory as to what had occurred after leaving the Asylum in company with the prisoner had wholly failed him.

The prisoner, who appeared to be a man of education, displayed considerable intelligence in the cross-examination of the witnesses, but did not succeed in shaking their testimony; he endeavoured to show that Mr. Digby was in the habit of displaying a great deal of prejudice against such of the assigned servants as were Irishmen, and that on this occasion he had used very irritating and abusive language, and shook the prisoner violently by the collar; in this, however, he did not succeed, for although one of the witnesses expressed an opinion that Mr. Digby had some prejudice against Irish convicts, it was stated by all, as well as by Mr. Digby himself, that the latter was never in the habit of using taunting language towards the men under his charge; with regard to the alleged prior assault by Mr. Digby, it turned out that the latter had really taken the prisoner by the collar when he expressed so great an unwillingness to proceed to Sydney, but that he had not shaken him or used any further violence. Two witnesses who were called by the prisoner declared that he was generally a good tempered and humane man, and the whole of the witnesses for the Crown gave him a similar character. The prisoner himself did not deny the assault, but declared that it was of a less violent character than the witnesses described, and that he had experienced great provocation from Mr. Digby, who repeatedly called him an Irish convict, and used other expressions of a similar nature.

The CHIEF JUSTICE in addressing the Jury remarked, that in order to find the prisoner guilty of the capital charge involved in the first count of the information, they must be of opinion that the prisoner had inflicted a wound or wounds in the manner described; that the wound or wounds so inflicted were of such a nature as to place Mr. Digby in actual danger of his life, and that the prisoner at the time of inflicting them intended to deprive his victim of life—although, as far as the latter point was concerned, they would be justified in looking at the prisoner's actions as a guide to what his intentions really were. With regard to the other branches of the charge, however, the question was of a less difficult nature, inasmuch as the assault was admitted, and the grounds of the prisoner's defence, even if true, afforded no justification for his crime, although they might palliate it, so that the only question which would have to be determined, was the intention with which the assault had been made.

The Jury, after having retired for about twenty minutes, acquitted the prisoner of any intention either to murder or to do grievous bodily harm; but found him guilty of a common assault, expressing their opinion at the same time that the assault was one of a very aggravated nature.

The prisoner was then remanded for sentence, and the Court was adjourned till ten o'clock this morning.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

INSOLVENCY PROCEEDINGS.

MONDAY.

BEFORE the CHIEF COMMISSIONER.

PROOF OF CLAIMS.

In the estate of James Ezekiel Elliott, a third meeting was held, at which the creditors allowed the insolvent to retain his furniture and wearing apparel, to the amount of £34 16s.

In the estate of Thomas Carew, a single meeting was held, at which the following claims were proved:—Henry Ferris, £3 14s.; John Carew, £36 15s.; John M'Grath, £38 5s. The creditors also agreed to allow the insolvent to retain his furniture.

MEETING FOR TO-DAY.

Richard Sutton Robinson, an adjourned single meeting, at eleven o'clock.

There are no meetings entered for to-morrow.

NEW INSOLVENT.—The following estate was sequestrated yesterday, viz.:—William Barr, of Cumberland-street, Sydney, master mariner. The schedule, which is still in the Sheriff's Office, disclosed assets under £100. Mr. Hutchinson Bell has been appointed official assignee to the estate.

LIVERPOOL WOOL SALES.

GENTLEMEN,—The attendance of buyers at our public sales of Wool yesterday and to-day was more numerous than could have been expected for the small quantity advertised, and on the whole more business was done than we anticipated. The small parcel of Australian was all sold at fair prices, in proportion to the late business in English and other wools.

The arrivals from the United States during the last few months reach 2500 bags, of which 738 were brought to auction and 135 sold. The quality and working of this wool is not yet generally known to our manufacturers, consequently the biddings were not so spirited as they would otherwise have been, and those sold were chiefly for experiment. It is desirable that the trade should pay attention to this wool, as it is expected to form a very considerable item in our future imports. Its qualities are well suited for many kinds of woollen goods, and it will to some extent interfere with the Australian and German growth.

The small parcel of Cape offered was badly got up, irregularly packed, and generally of low quality.

For Spanish and brook-washed Odessa there were no buyers. Cordova and Buenos Ayres were also, as usual of late, much neglected, and the low wool in general was not a choice assortment, excepting the East India, which sold with spirit at full prices.

The woollen trade, generally, is in a healthy state, and, were it not for the *railway panic*, we might have expected some advance in the prices of wool; but at present we see no prospect of improvement during this winter, though prices may keep steady, as the stocks in importers' hands are light.

We hand below particulars of the present sales,

And remain, gentlemen,

Your obedient servants,

ABRAM GARTSIDE AND CO.,

Wool Brokers.

Liverpool, 28th November, 1845.

PARTICULARS OF SALES.

Description.	Bales offered	Bales sold.	Prices realised.	
Sydney	365	365	Second clothing	1s. 8d. to 1s. 10d.
			Third ditto	1s. 6d. to 1s. 8d.
			Low ditto	1s. 4d. to 1s. 6d.
			Scoured slipe	1s. 8d. to 1s. 8½d.
			Locks and pieces	0s. 10½d. to 1s. 4d.
Cape	20	20	Low sorts	0s. 10d. to 1s. 5d.
United States	738	135	Fine fleeces	1s. 6d. to 1s. 7d.
			Low ditto	1s. 2d. to 1s. 4d.
East India	553	443	Fine white	0s. 9d. to 0s. 9½d.
			Second ditto	0s. 8d. to 0s. 9d.
			Fine yellow	0s. 7d. to 0s. 8d.
			Second ditto	0s. 5½d. to 0s. 7d.
			Grey ditto	0s. 4d. to 0s. 7½d.
Other sorts	1741	301	Low dc. & burry	0s. 2½d. to 0s. 4d.
Total	3417	1264		

We have had a good attendance of the trade at the public sales yesterday and to-day, but, as was expected, from the present disarrangement of our monetary affairs, the sales went off heavily, and a good deal withdrawn; of Australian wools only a small quantity was offered, and chiefly of an inferior description: they realised better prices than was expected.

A new feature in these sales was the bringing forward 738 bales of fleece wools from the United States; about 106 bales were sold, but at prices not very satisfactory to the importers, the remainder were withdrawn. From the manner in which these wools are got up, and the absence of burrs and moits, they will prove a very suitable wool for our manufacturers; and we have no doubt when they become more generally known, will realise relatively better prices.

For East India Wools there was a good demand; the prices, as per annexed quotations, quite equal to late business by private contract.

Buenos Ayres and other low wools were a heavy sale, and chiefly withdrawn.

The result of the sales has been on the whole more satisfactory than was expected; and there has been a fair amount of business done by private since; although the present appearances of trade generally are not encouraging, yet, in the absence of all speculative demand, either in the manufactured goods or the raw material, we do not anticipate any great reduction in prices, and look forward to an improved state of things as the new year comes in.

We remain, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servants,

W. GREAME AND CO.,

Wool Brokers, 25, Temple-street.

Liverpool, November 25, 1845.

There was an average attendance of buyers at these sales. The quantity of fine Colonial Wools was less than usual, and there was a fair competition throughout. The quotations appear somewhat low, but it must be remarked that, taken as a parcel, they were inferior to those offered at our previous sales; and making due allowance for this, the result is quite as satisfactory as we anticipated.

The United States Wool attracted considerable attention, but the quantity was too large, and brought forward under unfavourable circumstances, both the dealers and consumers being well stocked, and the trade, for the moment, very dull; the greater part had, therefore, to be withdrawn, as was to be expected.

East India Wools sold with the usual spirit. Other low wools went heavily, and in some cases at a reduction on previous rates, and a large portion was withdrawn.

We are your most obedient Servants,

HUGHES AND RONALD,

Wool Brokers,

Wellington Buildings, 33, Dale-street.

Liverpool, 28th November, 1845.

HINTS TO THE EXPORTERS OF HORSES TO INDIA.

THE great consideration being to get rid of the horses as soon as possible upon their arrival in port, it becomes of consequence not only to land them in health and condition, but free from blemish; whereas many of those under my own observation are miserably rubbed and marked—some of them to an extent difficult, if not beyond it, of cure. Say what others may, I insist upon it that in the long run the present system will not answer. There is far too much of chance—too much of shutting your eyes to the certainty of some bad weather, if not a great deal—too little attention to the more material points of management. With fair weather and smooth water it may not greatly matter that the animals be crowded together as they are; the hay also hung over the sides; but in a gale of wind how is it possible the grooms, at the outset not too many, and now perhaps with two or three sick, should manage the many horses down, the chances being that the neighbours of the fallen are trampling upon or kicking them. Of course also hay becomes seriously injured by salt water.

From what I can gather, the principal complaint among them is inflammation of the lungs, the cases of which witnessed by myself were too far gone before it was well known what the ailment really was. The only wonder is that so few die from this cause, the vitiated atmosphere in which they breathe considered. When at Copang the thermometer (80· on deck at 7 P.M.) rose to 90 in less that ten minutes when taken below. The place was intolerably close and offensive.

A medicine chest is put on board, containing apparently every thing requisite, except those alone which can very well be applied, namely, nitre, oil, and tartar emetic, or common antimony. Horses at first find difficulty in staling, for which small doses of nitre are useful, as well as cooling; it is also good, tartar emetic still better, when they are coating.* But when so closely packed, what chance has a sick horse? To lie down is denied him, and even if things were to be had they are in some cases objectionable. How again guard against kicking—often, especially at night, most furious?

With regard to weather, I may remark that ships proceeding *via* Torres Straits must needs come into one of the monsoons. In June, July, and August, I have seen desperately bad weather between 8· south and Madras, (crossing the line in 88·); and in the middle of October commences the north-east monsoon, when gales may be looked for in the Bay of Bengal, to say nothing of the light airs and calms near the line; nor is it until the middle of December that the weather becomes settled. I am writing in 3· south, longitude 85· What we may meet with by and by I will add in a note.

Thus it will be seen that much bad weather may be expected during a passage made at any time of the period when Torres Strait is open—that is to say, May to September, both inclusive.

I now proceed with a few suggestions and opinions of my own; disinterested as they are, and given without fee, they may be taken at their own worth and no more.

Recommendation the first. The larger the ship the better in every respect; ports essential; air holes in the deck (as in convict ships) desirable, more particularly as allowing of egress to the foul air generated below. Even with these advantages, added to three wind sails, the atmosphere was, as already remarked, most abominable while at anchor; in a calm, of course the same. What then must be the condition of a small vessel without these helps?

Second. Lessen the number of horses in any one ship, and have stalls; or at all events a certain number for the sick, or those that *will* lie down. Be provided also with a few slings for those that will not, or cannot, do so.†

Third. Appoint as superintendent some one really acquainted with the general management of horses, together with their *treatment under common cases of sickness*. Engage him at a certain payment under *any* circumstances, but with a promise of a certain per-centage upon the nett sum realized by the sale of the horses—such a sum not being less than....... Still better were it to give the charge to some one, respectable as may be, not above putting his *own hand* to any necessary work of physicking, &c Refer him to a house of agency by whom all monies are to be received: a far safer plan than to trust large sum to any one person; who may be robbed, or may die.

Fourth. Be careful in the selection of the head groom; who ought moreover to understand bleeding, glystering, and other matters connected with the "operative" measures necessary to the sick. It will not be amiss to avoid *his own* statement of qualities, which may, after all, perhaps prove matter of opinion. Of the other grooms I shall only observe it were better to pay higher for "good men and *true*," than, at a miserable pittance of a pound a month, engage some of the scum of Sydney. At least, however, be sure these "grooms" can *handle a horse*.

Fifth. Under the head of medicines do not omit oil, nitre, and antimony—bearing in mind that a bottle of oil, or pound or two of nitre, will not go far among a hundred horses.

Sixth. Let your rules be in writing: a copy being given to the Captain, Superintendent, and Head Groom; commence at daylight, and appoint specific hours for water, corn, hay, and cleansing below; leave the chaff-cutter behind, and substitute hand-rubbing to the misirably swoollen legs of many of the poor brutes. The labour of the former is excessive in such an atmosphere and for so many horses, and although an undoubted advantage, is not indispensable; the other is so. For *both* there is neither time nor strength. Parcel the horses; so many to each *pair* of grooms, comrades of course, and promise some small gratuity to those whose horses land in good condition, not of mere feeding, but in appearance in freedom from blemish. Insist upon an invariable night watch of half the number of grooms in case of horses down, or kicking.

That my proposed plan will increase the expenses of the transport of horses, I admit; but on the other hand I am confident that, in the long run, the exporters will gain. Fewer animals will die, or in a gale get knocked to pieces; they will land in better condition and appearance, realizing, in consequence, higher prices. The necessity of touching at Copang for water (a loss in our case of at least ten valuable days) is materially lessened. And, lastly, the Insurance Offices will be less tender of taking them in hand.

P.S.—Through the calms and light airs from 12· south to the Sand Heads, the passage of four ships (*Anne*, 16th August, to the two on the 5th September) has been a most tedious one—proof that even the middle of August is fully late. The loss upon the horses hitherto sent has been calculated at nearly a third, including, I presume, those shipwrecked. The landing of those unbroken seems to have been a most difficult job; I myself saw three flying away over the country, and several are reported as having galloped themselves to death. An agent ought to be found from among the livery stable people, who will assist the person in charge in getting the horses to the stable, the captains being bound not to commence landing them until everything is ready. Also, there should be half-a-dozen strong bridles with leading reins for those animals not well broken. How can any one expect to lead an unbroken colt with a mere halter? But I could give fifty reasons why none but *well broken* horses should be sent at all; my paper however being full, the opinion must be taken upon trust.

Finally, I repeat that the superintendent must be one thoroughly acquainted with the management of horses. In the Company's ships this may not much matter, his only business being (in so far as I can understand his directions) to keep a journal taken from the ship's log; but the exporters can care little for the state of the weather, if the horses suffer not.‡ B.

P.P.S.—When blowing hard, the horses to windward get bad strains through the fore legs slipping *forward* under the mangers. A batten fixed to the deck would prevent this.

* The following is a good mixture and cheap withal: crocus of antimony, nitre, cream of tartar, flour of sulphur—equal quantities of each. Dose, a table spoonful twice a day for a few days.

† A horse will lie down in a much smaller space than is generally supposed.

‡ I cannot but think it were well to select some other watering-place than Copang; for instance, Lizard Island (if long in getting so far into the Inner Passage) or is there not water at Cape York, or Possession Island? Even Port Essington would occasion less delay, I think, than we experienced, first, through the baffling winds near Timor, and next in being unable to bring off the water against the sea-breeze during the day. *Memo.*—A ship should not anchor until in ten or twelve fathoms. This brings her rather close, but with the land wind she can easily get under weigh.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MR. NEWTON.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Boots and Shoes; at 12 o'clock, Guns, Shot Belts, Powder Flasks, Gunmakers' Tools.

MR. MORT.—At his Rooms, at 12 o'clock, Cattle.

MR. COHEN.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Slops and Drapery Goods.

MR. LYONS.—At his Mart, at 11 o'clock, New Fruit; at the Cattle Market, Horses

MR. FAWCETT.—At his Rooms, at half-past 10 o'clock, Earthenware, American Clocks, Beef, Eau de Cologne, Seaming Twine, Ironmongery, &c.

MR. SALAMON.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Gold Jewellery, Silver and Plated Goods, Looking Glasses, Children's Dresses, &c.

MR. STUBBS.—On the Premises, Waterside Property, opposite Trafalgar Terrace, Kent-street.

MR. SOLOMONS.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Merchandise.

COUNTRY SALE.

TRESS AND ASHE.—At Read's Inn, Bathurst, April 17, Sheep.

CHARGE OF FORGERY.—Yesterday, Messrs Smith and Bennett, agents, appeared at the Police Court, charged on the oath of John Ross, a shipbuilder, from Port Macquarie, with having forged his name to a shipbuilder's certificate, whereby a certificate of registry was procured for a coasting vessel named the *Petrel*, and Mr. John Milne was charged as an accessary, by having witnessed the said builder's certificate. After a full hearing of the case Mr. Windeyer dismissed it; at the same time remarking that while the principals charged had nothing to gain by the forgery, the accessary was in no way criminally connected with the affair, as by the evidence it was clearly made out that the complainant had one signature when sober, another when in liquor, and another when what sober folks called drunk.

POLICE COURT BUSINESS.—MONDAY.—There were fifty-nine cases on the lists yesterday, namely, sixteen men for drunkenness, seven of whom paid 11s. each, five were ordered to pay 5s. each or to sit two hours in the stocks, three were to pay 11s. or go twelve hours to the cells, and one to pay 11s. or go forty-eight hours to the cells. There were thirteen cases on the summons list, namely, one case for forgery, one for refusing to pay wages—defendants all dismissed; two charges of assault were dismissed, as no parties appeared; one case for a breach of the Licensing Act, by selling after hours, and one for a breach of the Police Act, by leaving building materials on the pathway, both postponed: a publican for a breach of the Licensing Act, paid 40s. and 5s. costs. In five cases for a breach of the Police Act, by leaving goods on the pathways, the defendants each paid fines of 5s., and 5s. costs. There were six remanded cases on the list of miscellaneous charges, namely, two men for burglary, and two as being accessary to the same, all remanded, as well as a charge of horse-stealing, and in one case for an assault, the defendant was allowed bail, and the hearing of the case postponed for a week. The new cases were, a man for absconding from his hired service, a female on suspicion of stealing £2 19s., another of the same sort, for stealing £12, and one for using obscene language and street-walking—all discharged; as well as a female for stealing 18s. and a man for being accessary to stealing the same, one man for an assault, one for a breach of the peace, a female for stealing a pair of earrings and a shawl, as well as two defendants charged with forgery, and a third as being an accessary to the same, a man and his wife for an assault, one for obtaining goods under false pretences—all postponed. One case, for being drunk and assaulting a constable, was arranged out of court by consent of the bench; one man, for riding on his dray, paid 10s. and 2s. 6d. costs; a female for being drunk and guilty of disorderly conduct, was bound to be of good behaviour for twelve months in £10, and two sureties in £5 each; George Melville, on the complaint of his wife for an assault, was fined 1s. and 5s. 2d. costs, and bound to the peace for twelve months in £10, with sureties in £5 each; John Quinn, for being drunk and assaulting a constable, was fined in 20s. and 2s. 6d. costs, or to go ten days to gaol; a man named Spencer, for a breach of the peace, at the instance of a female of the same name, was bound over to keep the peace in £10, with two sureties in £5 each, for twelve months; one man, on suspicion of passing base coin, was remanded till to-day; a female, for protection, was sent to the Asylum; one case of assault, was arranged out of Court, and George Haynes, for stealing whips, was committed for trial. The Court adjourned at 5 P.M. till 9 A.M. to-day.

INQUESTS.—On Saturday evening an inquest was held at Mr. Driver's, Three Tuns Tavern, King street, on the body of Ann Wade, when the following evidence was adduced:—Samuel Clinton, a constable in the Sydney Police, deposed that while on duty on Thursday evening in Clarence-street, he saw the deceased sitting near Irving's houses. On witness speaking to her, she said that being tipsy on Wednesday she fell off a ladder, and that she intended on Friday to go to the Infirmary. Witness left her and returned in about ten minutes; as he endeavoured to get her along the street she fainted: a cab was obtained, and having placed her in it, he drove off to the Infirmary with her, but before she arrived there she was dead; she was about twenty-four years of age, came free to the colony, and was a very dissolute character: she had been complaining for the last six months. Dr. John Silver had made a *post mortem* examination of the body, and found an accumulation of fat about the heart, which impeded its functions, and which might have been the immediate cause of death. The Jury found a verdict of died by the visitation of God.—Another inquest was held yesterday afternoon, on the body of Robert Pamsford, at the Odd-Fellows Hall, George-street, who expired suddenly in Mr. Dishington's public house, on Sunday afternoon. From the evidence of James Dale, in the service of Mr. Dishington, it appeared that the deceased had been habitually intemperate, and that he was subject to fits. On Sunday, about two o'clock, he went into Dishington's house, but did not appear to be tipsy. A short time after, Miss Dishington called witness and told him deceased was in a fit. Witness went to him, and placed him in a chair, and then went for Dr. Fullerton, and when he returned deceased was lying on his face, on the floor, nearly dead. Dr. Fullerton deposed, that when he saw the deceased he was dead, but that the body was warm. There were no marks of violence on his person, and from the appearances he had no doubt but that he died from suffocation, from having fallen on his face during an epileptic fit. The Jury found that the deceased died by the visitation of God.—Another inquest was held on the same day on the body of George Irwin, who had been ailing for the last twenty months, and had for some time past been an inmate of the Dispensary. The inquest was held in Mr. Ford's, Napoleon Inn, Miller's Point, where the deceased had been lodging since Tuesday last. On Sunday he left the house, and did not return till half-past eleven o'clock, A.M., when he laid down on the sofa, and expired about thirty minutes past three. As Dr. Silver was not in attendance, no medical evidence was given, and the Jury found that the deceased died by the visitation of God.

COOLIES.—It is stated that the Coolies imported by the ship *Orwell* have engaged with Mr. Benjamin Boyd on the same terms as regards wages on which they were introduced into Sydney by Messrs. Wentworth, Towns, and Campbell.

PUBLICANS' LICENSES.—About two hundred and thirty applicants have put in their claims for publicans' licenses for the ensuing year. This day is the last on which applications can be received.

AUCTIONEERS' LICENSES.—Yesterday, the Mayor stated from the Bench, on the application of a Mr. Robert May, for a license to sell as an auctioneer, in Sydney, he at the same time holding a license for the district of Maitland, that he would not sign the license of any auctioneer who did not confine his business to the district of Sydney, as he conceived it highly injurious for parties to have the liberty of selling all about the country goods that might have been collected in Sydney.

THE CONVICTS SHEA AND HARRIGAN.—The cases of these two men, who are both under sentence of death for murder (the former having been convicted at Maitland, and the latter at Berrima,) have been determined upon by the Executive Council. Shea is ordered for execution on Friday, the 17th instant, and Mr. Keck has received orders to attend on the occasion as the representative of the Sheriff. Harrigan's sentence is to be commuted to transportation for life.

HORSE STOCK.—Mr. Samuel Lyons sells, this day, at the Cattle Market, at 11 o'clock, about thirty horses, most suitable for the Indian market; some of them are strong powerful horses, fit for dray or carriage horses.—*Communicated.*

Mr. Fawcett begs to remind country storekeepers, and purchasers of earthenware, that his sale of 40 crates takes place this day, at eleven o'clock precisely—the assortment comprises every requisite article, and is from one of the first establishments in England.—*Communicated.*

STEALING.—On Saturday afternoon, a man named George Haynes went into the shop of Mr. John Bush, George-street, on pretence of purchasing a saddle. He chose the article he wanted, and ordered it to be sent to Mr. Johnson's, publican, George-street, where he said it would be paid for on delivery. On going out at the door he unhooked three carters' whips which were hanging there, and ran off with them. Mr. Brush followed, and overtook him in Goulburn-street with the whips in his hand, where he gave him into custody. He was yesterday brought up before the police bench and committed for trial. As soon as the case was over, Inspector Moore appeared to prefer another charge against the prisoner for obtaining sundry shirts, &c., from a dealer named Myers, residing in Clarence-street, on the security of an order purporting to be drawn by himself on Mr. Benjamin Boyd for £2 sterling, which on presentation turned out to be worth nothing. The prisoner did not deny the charge, and was committed on the second charge.

COLONIAL PRODUCE RECEIVED COASTWISE.—The following colonial produce has been received coastwise since last publication:—Wheat, 100 bags, from Morpeth; 1230 bushels, from the Paterson; 30 cwt., from the Moruya; 112 bushels, from Shoalhaven; 400 bushels, from Kiama; 600 bushels, from Boyd Town and Ulladulla; 150 bushels, from the M'Leay; 160 bags, from Wollongong; 24 tons and 190 bushels, from Broulee: in all, 2682 bushels, 24 tons, 260 bags, and 30 cwt.—Maize, 317 bushels, from Shoalhaven; 100 bushels, from the M'Leay; 650 bushels, from the Paterson; 380 bushels, from the Hawkesbury: in all, 1367 bushels.—Barley, 85 bags, from Morpeth; 510 bushels, from the Paterson.—Oats, 126 bushels, from the Hawkesbury.—Grain, 29 bags, from Morpeth.—Hay, 12 tons, from Jervis Bay; 349 trusses, from Morpeth.—Potatoes, 127 tons, from Broulee; 12 tons, from Kiama; 12 tons, from Kiama and Jerringong; 17 tons, from Shoalhaven; 36 tons, from the Moruya; in all, 204 tons.—Onions, 10 cwt., from Boyd Town and Ulladulla.—Tobacco, 20 kegs, from Morpeth; 3 kegs, and 2 bales (stems), from the Paterson.—Bananas, 2 boxes, from Brisbane Water.—Fowls, 5 coops, from Wollongong.—Horses, 1, from Wollongong; 12, from Morpeth.—Pigs, 17, from Morpeth; 4, from Wollongong.—Rams, 124, from Morpeth.—Wool, 100 bales, from Morpeth; 20 bales, from Port Stephens; 13 bales, from Boyd Town and Ulladulla.—Hides, 12, from Broulee; 50, from Morpeth; 1, from Jervis Bay; 86, from the M'Leay: in all, 149.—Sheepskins, 300, from the M'Leay; 3 bales, from Morpeth.—Tallow, 15 casks, from the M'Leay.—Butter, 1 keg, from the Moruya; 4 kegs, from Shoalhaven; 60 kegs, from Wollongong; 3 casks, from Boyd Town and Ulladulla.—Timber, 6000 feet, from Kiama; 14,500, from Brisbane Water; 7000 feet, from the Hawkesbury: in all, 27,500 feet.—Shingles, 8000, from Port Aiken; 56,000, from Brisbane Water; 20,000, from the Hawkesbury: in all, 84,000.—Staves, 1600, from the M'Leay.—Gum, 1 case, from Broulee.—Coals, 258 tons, from Newcastle.—Shells, 450 bushels, from Brisbane Water; 520 bushels, from Port Aiken; 950 bushels, from the Hawkesbury.—*Shipping Gazette.*

IMPORTANT TO STOCKHOLDERS.—We have been favoured with an extract of a letter from Cyrus E. Doyle, Esq., dated Carroll, Liverpool Plains, 18th March, from which it appears that that gentleman, on his way up with cattle, lost twenty-two, from their having eaten a poisonous herb or weed, described by stockmen as similar to a leek or onion top. This happened between the stations of Messrs. Johnstone and Browne, on the Mookie River. The herd was placed in the yard at night, to all appearance quite well, and the next morning eleven were found dead, and in the course of the day eleven more died on their journey. A favourite imported bull nearly died from the effects of this poisonous weed, and fears were entertained that the whole herd would have died; but, fortunately, all except the twenty-two recovered. The writer adds—"I never saw the cattle and sheep on our stations looking so well; everything, young and old, in fact: indeed it could hardly be otherwise, from the abundance of feed and water they have. Sheep commenced lambing, and are doing well. Strange to say, all up here (Liverpool Plains) and on the Upper Namoi, are in want of rain, both for grass and water. I never recollect seeing the river here so nearly dry; and the little there is of water is of very bad quality indeed. I hope you will give as much publicity as possible to the fact of our having had a herd of cattle poisoned, and of the loss we sustained in the situation before described, as it may be the means of preventing similar occurrences taking place to other herds of cattle on their route upwards, some of which might suffer far more than we have done."—*Maitland Mercury.*

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

HAWKESBURY SUBSCRIPTION RACES.

THIRD DAY, FRIDAY, APRIL 3.

THIS was the third day of the races, and we should say the best of the three. The weather was scarcely so fine as on the two previous days, yet on the whole it was exceedingly propitious. The attendance of visitors was definitely greater than that of Wednesday and Thursday, and the course was literally crowded with vehicles, and lady and gentlemen equestrians.

Mr. Holden having left for Sydney, yesterday, the office of judge was very ably performed by Mr. G. M. Pitt, one of the stewards.

FIRST PRIZE.

The Windsor Purse of Twenty Sovereigns, for horses of all ages, carrying weight for age; heats twice round the course; entrance £2 5s.

Mr. Badgery's Lady Morgan, aged, Higgerson, tartan jacket	1	1
Mr. Roberts's Blue Bonnet, 5 years, Marsden, scarlet jacket	2	3
Mr. Hill's Oily Gammon, aged, Dunn, blue jacket	3	2
Mr. Buxoo's Qui Hyi, 4 years, Gill, Ribbon of India	4	dis.
Mr. Doyle's Jorrocks, aged	forfeited	

Jorrocks was entered for this race, but for some reason his owner would not allow him to run, and forfeited the entrance money. It was a splendid race between the other horses. Qui Hyi threw his rider in the second heat near the first post. Lady Morgan came in first by about a neck, and was declared the winner.

SECOND PRIZE.

The Ladies' Purse of Twenty Sovereigns, for all two years old; heats once round the course; entrance £2 5s.

Mr. Robert's Emperor, 2 years, rider unknown, scarlet jacket 1 1
Mr. Hall's Dandy, 2 years, Hall, yellow jacket 2 2
Mr. Roberts's Lady Fly .... forfeited.

In the first heat Emperor got the lead, and was never overtaken; and in the second heat he acted a similar part. Dandy had a bad start the second time.

THIRD PRIZE.

The Beaten Stakes of Fifteen Sovereigns, with entrance £2 each added, for all beaten horses during this meeting; to be handicapped by the Stewards, or whom they may appoint; one heat, twice round the course; post entrance.

Mr. Badgery's Jumbug, Higgerson, tartan jacket 1
Mr. Roberts's Blue Bonnet, Marsden, scarlet jacket 2
Mr. Seymour's Bay Lottery, Mickey, Red jacket 3
Mr. Wescoe's Backy, yellow jacket 4
Mr. Stewart's Rob Roy, Dunn, tartan jacket 5

At the word "off," Jumbug took the lead, but was soon passed by Blue Bonnet, which kept a-head during the remainder of the race until within a few yards of the winning post, when Jumbug passed her, and won by about a head; time four minutes four seconds. This brought these races to a close, but not the sports. In the evening there was a ball at Mr. Coffee's, and at Mr. Freeman's a theatrical performance by Mr. Kemble, both of which were well attended.

NEWS FROM THE INTERIOR.

(From our Correspondent.)

MORETON BAY.

March 28.—We have had continued dry, cold weather since my last communication, causing the want of moisture to be severely felt in the neighbourhood of Brisbane, but I am happy to say the country districts have had some very seasonable thunder showers. One of those storms so frequent in tropical climates, passed over Ipswich on the 17th, and did considerable damage; the hail-stones, which were dashed to the earth with terrific violence, were of an immense size, some of them, when disengaged, filled a half-pint tumbler nearly full of water; the masses of ice lay on the ground a considerable time after the storm had ceased, and were collected by the good folks who know the value of an ice in a warm climate, by bushels full.

The boat I mentioned in my last, as having been seen bottom upwards on the beach between Point Danger and Moreton Bay, proves to have been a large boat belonging to a cedar party working at the Tweed, and who were engaged in running for the south passage, inside Stradbroke island; fortunately the party, consisting of five men, got ashore, after being several hours in the water, although in a very exhausted state; the boat, a very fine one, received considerable damage.

The attendance at the Government Land Sale, on the 18th instant, was very poor: only four town lots sold, two in South, and two in North Brisbane, at the upset price of £100 per acre; four lots in Ipswich, and three suburban lots in South Brisbane, the whole amount realised at the sale was £156; there appeared a great falling off in the competition for the Ipswich town allotments, they going at the upset price of 1s. per perch; whilst the suburban allotments, on the banks of the Bremer, had not an offer made for them; the upset price for all lands being made indiscriminately, irrespective of situation, is absurd; many of the allotments offered at the Government sales, being utterly valueless; in fact, I am inclined to think that the land already disposed of in Brisbane exceeds in quantity by far the amount of population to improve it; the Government buildings being let from year to year, instead of being sold outright, also causes many to refrain from purchasing and building in the town.

A black fellow named Wogan, for whose apprehension a warrant was issued some twelve-months since, on a charge of robbery, was apprehended a few days since, by the Police. Master Wogan having unwisely poked his nose under the observation of parties who were aware of his being wanted. The fellow has been long known as the ringleader of all manner of depredations committed on the gardens and fields; and from his half-civilised habits knew to a certainty where he could commit mischief without detection to himself or others of his tribe; but, unfortunately, the expense of prosecuting the fellow is so great that I fear, although he is known to be a dangerous character to be at large, no one will come forward to identify and prosecute him. Had we a Court of Quarter Sessions established here many of these evils could be remedied, and many petty larceny rogues who now are let off unpunished would get brought up all standing. Considering the extent of country, and the amount of our present population, I opine there cannot be two opinions as to the necessity of establishing such a Court.

A man named Richard Lovell, a carrier employed on the road between this and the Darling Downs, was convicted a short time since for selling spirits without a license, by the Bench on the Downs; but strange to say, one of the magistrates (Mr. Commissioner Rolliston) who had seized the man's team, after sitting upon the bench and adjudicating in the case, gave the man Lovell a receipt for £30 (the amount of the fine imposed) upon his (Lovell) paying him £15—and this fine was accepted upon the sabbath-day. I speak from facts, for I have been shown the document, bearing Mr. Rolliston's signature, dated the 9th March (Sunday).

The *Thistle* has been despatched from this port with a full cargo, after a detention of only thirty-six hours. The schooners *William*, *Sarah*, and *Jane*, are looked for daily.

ORIGINAL CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—The following passage in your report of the evidence given by me, at the late Coroner's inquest, held on the body of Baroo, an Indian Coolie, is altogether incorrect.

("He had at first applied to the agents of the *Orwell* for a passage to this colony by some of their vessels, as a surgeon for the voyage; but finding that he could not obtain such an appointment without difficulty, he took a cabin passage per the *Orwell*, for which he paid 1600 rupees.")

What I stated to the Coroner in reply to a question put to me by Mr. Towns, was as follows, that I made no application whatever to the agents of the *Orwell* for the medical charge of the ship—that I went to their office in Calcutta, to apply for a passage, when they of their own accord, proposed to me an arrangement of the sort, viz., to take medical charge of the vessel in part payment of passage money; but that the captain having objected, I at once paid the full passage money.

I further beg to state that I neither directly nor indirectly applied to the agents of the *Orwell* for the situation of surgeon of any of their ships, and that I had no communication with them whatever until shortly before the sailing of the vessel, and then only because I was disappointed in finding accommodations in the *Sir Thomas Munro*.

JAMES MACANSH.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—With reference to your report of the proceedings connected with the presentation of a testimonial from the friends of Dr. Leichhardt to Captain Mackenzie, of the *Heroine*, it would appear by the concluding paragraph as if some reflections were made upon Sir George Gipps. On the contrary, I can aver that so far from such having been the case, the gentlemen who spoke on the occasion expressed themselves in a manner most complimentary to His Excellency, which, indeed, his private liberality towards the Leichhardt testimonial richly deserved, and it was mentioned only as a subject of regret that, from conscientious motives, His Excellency had felt himself precluded from awarding to Captain Mackenzie, without the sanction of the Legislature, a remuneration for his services in this respect. It was at the same time observed, that there was little doubt, whenever the Council meet, that his Excellency would place a sum upon the Estimates to liquidate Captain Mackenzie's claim.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
H. MACDERMOTT, Mayor.

Sydney, April 6.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—A number of poor parents having represented to me the fact that they had to leave one or more of their children at home, on account of demands made for them on the eve of their embarkation, which they could not afford to meet, and which I brought to the notice of Government, may I request you will do me the favour, previous to my leaving the colony, to convey to them, through the medium of your columns, the glad tidings that his Excellency the Governor has been pleased to comply so far with my application on their behalf as to cause the Honorable the Colonial Secretary to write to me as follows: "All the Governor can do is, to promise bounty on children who may have been left at home by parents who emigrated prior to the 31st of December, 1841, and who were themselves eligible for bounty. Of course, however, the children themselves must be in sound bodily and mental health at the time of their arrival in the colony; and if girls, they must come out under proper protection." Also, I have been further advised, that detailed instructions will be shortly published by the Immigration Agent.

To those immigrants who arrived subsequent to this period, and are similarly situated, and to whom the same indulgence has not yet been extended, I can only at present hold out the hope that the same humane consideration on the part of his Excellency the Governor which led to the granting of the first, will also on due application yield the same generous boon to the other; no exertion on my part shall be wanting, as far as my limited means will allow, I will endeavour to supply the absence of parents to those children, in making those family arrangements which an agent could not be expected to perform.

I embrace this opportunity of stating the gratifying fact, that a very considerable number of immigrants have so far improved in their circumstances as to have intimated to me their intention and willingness to pay, in numerous instances, for the passage of their aged parents and for the younger members of their families, and to this I most deferentially beg to call the attention of the public, and the Board of Immigration, and to suggest that this generous and praiseworthy feeling should be met by a spirit of liberal co-operation on the part of the authorities, so that this desirable object may be accomplished, viz., the union of families, and which would be so beneficial to the parties themselves and to the public at large. My attention has been particularly directed to the evil of extracting small sums of money, year after year, from the immigrants here, to alleviate the distress of their poor relatives at home, with no permanent benefit to the parties—hundreds, to my knowledge, have sent home 30 per cent. of their earnings in this colony; the numerous letters it has been my painful lot to read, within the last three months, tell a fearful tale of the sufferings of the people at home—parents struggling with want, and children inmates of the poor-house. A poor woman in her statement to me says, "how can I enjoy my beef, my tea, when just as I raise it to my mouth the thought comes that my mother perhaps is dying for want?" What therefore, those poor and respectable individuals desire is, a passage for their relations at the Government rate of contract, on the renewal of emigration, as well as the usual protection and medical aid afforded to bounty emigrants.

It may not be also irrelevant to remark that it is my humble opinion that a number of the better off order of peasantry would prefer paying for a portion of their passage, than their coming out entirely as bounty emigrants, for the love of independence beats strong within the bosom of a British peasant.

I remain, Gentlemen,
Yours, respectfully,
CAROLINE CHISHOLM.

Sydney, March 6.

"HOLD ON YOUR WHEAT."

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—Having observed in your paper of last week, an article headed "Settlers hold on your wheat till the arrival of the December Packet, as she may bring news of importance to you;" in my opinion the article would have been more appropriate had it been headed, Settlers hold on your wheat till you see rain. It is now the 3rd of April, and within one month of seed time, and I can safely assert that there is not, to my best opinion, more than 60 acres of land that has had the plough put into it in this district; in this neighbourhood I have not seen a single acre of ground prepared for the seed; at this time last year we had completed the ploughing. If we have not rain in the course of ten days, I see nothing but ruin to the farmers in this quarter, as it will be impossible for them to have the ground ready in time for a wheat crop, and as is now well known, a late seed time is in almost all cases a very uncertain crop.

A SETTLER.

Maitland, April 3.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen.—I have read the letters of your correspondents respecting the railroads for the colony, and I quite agree with some of them that the Government should not hastily grant immunities to English or colonial Speculators, but rather consider and mature the most desirable plan to be offered to the English capitalist that would induce him with confidence to embark his money therein. A certainty of a moderate rate of interest, and security against the loss of his capital, should be the basis on which the colony should found a scheme for the benefit of the colony at large as well as the capitalist, and I think if the Government would combine with it the all important question of immigration, by giving a small bounty per head, and would insure six per cent. and a guarantee to return seventy-five per cent. at the termination of thirty years; or even leaving the interest guaranteed to the extent of three per cent., with a restriction of not dividing beyond six per cent., would be a sufficient inducement for sound investments in colonial railroads to any extent that might be deemed desirable.

A premium of even £5 per head for adults, in the way suggested by your correspondent, Iron-bark, would indeed be a most beneficial application of the land fund, and as impartial as sound in principle. My attention was attracted to the plan suggested by its applicability to a case in which I am interested, and which I will relate, it is this:

I am the residuary legatee to two thousand pounds, invested in the British funds, the pitiable interest derived from which is enjoyed by (or I should rather say it gives an existence to two ladies, aged forty-seven and sixty-eight, I am most anxious to increase the income of these, my respected relatives, and would very gladly submit to receive a reduction of twenty-five per cent. if I could by a secure *government* investment double their income during their lives. A fact of this kind should be reflected on by those more conversant with matters of this sort than your humble servant.

A VERY OLD SUBSCRIBER.

POSTAGE.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—Perceiving by your paper of this date, that the *Lloyds*, advertised for Calcutta direct, has been taken up as the Post Office packet for 1st of May, I am induced by the variety of opinions which are offered on the subject, to request you will inform the public generally, whether our friends and correspondents at home will have entailed upon them any *additional* postage by reason of our *letters and newspapers* being forwarded to them *via India*, instead of in the *usual way*.

Yours, obediently,
PAUL PRY.

Sydney, April 3.

[No additional postage will be charged.—Eds.]

ENGLISH NEWS.

MONEY MARKET AND CITY INTELLIGENCE.

(From the Times, December 3.)

Tuesday Evening.—The public securities were decidedly firmer to-day, and an increased business was transacted. The whole of the markets appeared to be in a better condition, and confidence is gradually reviving. Consols for money left off this afternoon 94⅞ to 94⅞, and for the account 95⅛ to 95⅛. Bank Stock closed 202½ to 203½; Three per Cents. Reduced, 93⅞; Three-and-a-Quarter per Cents., 95⅛ to 95⅛; Long Annuities, 10 7-16; India Stock, 261½; South Sea Old Annuities 93½; and Exchequer bills, 18s. to 20s. pm.

In the foreign market there was no particular feature to notice beyond the greater degree of steadiness in general prices. The actual bargains were—Brazilian, 79; the New Bonds, 77½; Colombian, 16; Danish, 86½; Mexican, 30¼; the Deferred, 16⅝; Spanish Five per Cents., 27¼; Passives, 6¼; the Deferred, 16⅛; the Three per Cents., 37¼; Dutch Two-and-a-Half per Cents., 59¼; and the Four per Cents., 91¾ and 92¼.

The premium on gold at Paris is 12 per mille, which, at the English Mint price of £3 17s. 10½d. per ounce for standard gold, gives an exchange of 25 45; and the exchange at Paris on London at short being 25 60, it follows that gold is 0·59 per cent. dearer in London than in Paris.

By advices from Hamburgh the price of gold is 433½ per mark, which, at the English Mint price of £3 17s. 10½d. per ounce for standard gold, gives an exchange of 13 9½; and the exchange at Hamburgh on London at short being 13 10, it follows that gold is 0·34 per cent. dearer in London than in Hamburgh.

For the season of the year there was a fair amount of business doing in the foreign exchanges, and bills were more in request than last post. The rates for Amsterdam and Paris were rather lower; for other places they remained much the same.

SIR CHARLES FITZROY.

(From the Colonial Gazette.)

The Governor-in-Chief to the Honorable the President and Board of Council, and the Honorable the Speaker and House of Assembly.—The Governor-in-Chief feels it to be his duty to take the earliest opportunity of informing the Honorable Board of Council and the House of Assembly, that he has this day received authority from Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies to proceed to England, it being Her Majesty's intention to appoint him to the government of an important and distant colony. In making this communication to the Honorable Board and House, the Governor-in-Chief can very unfeignedly assure them that he experiences mingled feelings of satisfaction and regret; satisfaction that his Sovereign has been pleased to bestow upon him an additional and distinguished mark of Her Majesty's gracious favour and confidence; regret that the connexion and intercourse which has existed and been carried on with so much harmony between the Legislative bodies, the inhabitants of this colony, and himself, will so soon be brought to a close.

(Signed) CHARLES A. FITZROY, Governor.

Government House, Antigua,
October 13th, 1845.

To His Excellency Sir Charles Augustus Fitzroy, Military Knight Companion of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Islands of Antigua, Montserrat, Barbuda, St. Christopher, Nevis, Anguila, the Virgin Islands, and Dominica; Chancellor, Vice-Admiral, and Ordinary of the same, &c.—The Board of Council has the honour to acknowledge your Excellency's message of the 13th instant, announcing that your Excellency "had that day received authority from Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies to proceed to England, it being Her Majesty's intention to appoint your Excellency to the government of an important and distant colony." Every member of this Board is inspired with the same feelings which animate your Excellency's breast. While, with deep and unaffected regret, the Board views the close-approaching euthanasia of its felicitous intercourse with your Excellency, it hails with peculiar gratification this additional and distinguished mark of confidence which her Majesty has been graciously pleased to bestow upon your Excellency. The Board, deeply impressed with the vanity of human wishes, had yet fondly cherished the hope that its intercourse with your Excellency, marked with so many pleasing recollections, would not so soon have terminated; and that your Excellency's more extended administration of this Government would have tended to draw still closer, if possible, those bonds by which, through a judicious exercise of government, your Excellency had justly acquired the attachment and respect of a grateful community. Bowing, however, with submission to the Imperial decree, the Board cannot permit its selfish regrets to withhold the tender of its sincerest congratulations on the fresh and well deserved honours which have been conferred on your Excellency; and in pursuing the high destiny which awaits your Excellency, it may be some consolation to you to reflect, that your Excellency carries with you, not only the ardent wishes of this Board, but those of a grateful community, that with the honours of this world the choicest blessings of Heaven may be abundantly showered on your Excellency, your illustrious and amiable consort, and on every branch of your Excellency's family.

(Signed) Daniel Gateward, Antigua.
Meade H. Daniell,
Paul Horsford,
Bertie E. Jarvis,
Wm. Lee,
Hugh Edwards.

Council Chamber, Antigua, Oct. 16, 1845.

To His Excellency Sir Charles Augustus Fitzroy, Military Knight, Companion of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over her Majesty's Islands of Antigua, Montserrat, Barbuda, St. Christopher, Nevis, Anguilla, the Virgin Islands, and Dominica; Chancellor, Vice-Admiral, and Ordinary of the same, &c., &c. May it please your Excellency,—We, her Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the members composing the House of Assembly of the Island of Antigua, have received with sentiments inseparable from the occasion, the communication which your Excellency was pleased to address yesterday to the two Houses of the Legislature, by which we learn that your Excellency has received authority from her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies to proceed to England; it being her Majesty's intention to appoint you to the government of a distant and important colony. Bowing with implicit deference to the royal pleasure, we tender to your Excellency our warmest congratulations on this high mark of her Majesty's confidence and favour; but our congratulations are not unaccompanied with feelings of a most painful nature, and we cannot withhold the expression of our heartfelt sorrow that your connexion with Antigua must of necessity be closed for ever. Casting a retrospect on the entire term of that connexion, we are enabled to record the gratifying, and, to us, the honourable fact, that our sentiments have in every instance been in perfect unison with yours; and that, acting in co-operation with your Excellency, we have been enabled to effect those important improvements in our civil institutions which will mark your Excellency's Administration as a memorable epoch in the annals of this Island. To whatever part of the world your Excellency's services may be transferred, we entreat you to be assured that neither time nor distance can ever obliterate the recollection of the years we have passed together in uninterrupted harmony, or of the condescending kindness and energetic promptitude with which your Excellency identified yourself with the colony at the time when an awful visitation of Providence spread dismay over the minds of all. These events can never be forgotten; and at this the moment of impending separation, when our motives cannot be misconstrued, we repeat the assurance of the high respect we entertain for your Excellency, both as a statesman and as a friend, and we fervently pray that the Almighty Disposer of events will bestow the fullest share of happiness on yourself and on your distinguished consort, whose unbounded benevolence and many endearing virtues, blended with the dignity congenial to exalted rank, have won the gratitude and conciliated the affectionate esteem of every member of our community.

(Signed) John Shiel, Speaker.

October 16, 1845.
—*Antigua Weekly Register, Oct. 21.*

The official communication from the Governor General to the two houses of the Legislature, which appears in this column, confirms the report, which has ere this reached every ear, that the Leeward Islands are on the eve of being deprived of their Governor, whose services are required by Her Majesty for an important and distant country. The addresses, which have been presented to his Excellency by the Legislative bodies in this island, represent the feelings which prevail throughout this community, and we do not hesitate to affirm that one and all will experience heartfelt regret at the separation which will so soon take place. Sir Charles Fitzroy's administration of the government of the Leeward Islands has been marked by unremitted exertion and persevering zeal in the preferment of such measures as he conceived would be conducive to the general prosperity and advancement of the several islands within his government; and the unanimous voice of the inhabitants of this colony is raised in the acknowledgment of the beneficial results which have uniformly attended the adoption of his Excellency's views, and in expression of their gratitude for the many proofs which they have experienced of his Excellency's kind and devoted attention to their interests on all occasions.—*Ibid.*

We last week gave an account in detail of the laying of the corner-stone of the cathedral and parish church of St. John, by his Excellency the Governor-in-Chief—little imagining, at the time, that it was likely to prove the last public ceremonial over which his Excellency would preside in this island. It is now generally known that his Sovereign has called him to administer the Governor-Generalship of New South Wales; and that His Excellency leaves us early next month. Whilst we cannot but congratulate his Excellency on his promotion, as forming a valuable proof of the high position which he holds in the confidence of her Majesty's Government, yet it is impossible not to remember the harmony which has happily existed between the Governor and the other branches of the Legislature during his Excellency's government, and the undoubted interest which he has ever taken in the welfare and prosperity of the colony. In these respects, we despair of again seeing a Governor who will run a more felicitous course than Sir Charles Fitzroy. Moderation and courtesy have tempered firmness in all his Excellency's intercourse with the other bodies. The colonists were not treated as persons who were distrusted,—their goodwill was gained, and their confidence secured. A cataract of novel, distasteful, and impracticable proposals was not poured out all at once upon the Legislature; but such changes as were deemed improvements have been gradually, reasonably, and considerately, and therefore successfully, urged and effected. The majesty of the law has not been degraded in the eyes of the people. Whilst protection has been extended to all who needed it, the decisions of the magistrates, on the authority of the laws which they were called to the unthankful task of administering, have not been frivolously set aside. Attribute all these things to whatever people may—whether to tact or talent—the result has been good government, and we trace it, under God, to good sense and right feeling in the Governor, and are thankful for the blessing which the community has enjoyed.—*Antigua Mirror, October 22.*

THE DEFEAT IN NEW ZEALAND.

(From the Times, November 24.)

It was a remark of Dr. Arnold's, that if history were written aright, the vanity even of the most powerful nations would receive a severe and salutary castigation. The popular histories of every nation are adapted to the popular taste, and contain only that proportion of bitter truth which the notoriety of events render indispensable to their credit; whilst everything which can exalt the valour of a people or the virtues of a constitution is exaggerated to the bounds of fiction, and tinged with the colours of romance. How many French and English students know only of the victories which covered their respective armies with glory; victories commemorated only by the standards which wave along the walls of Chelsea Hospital and the Hotel des Invalides. But how few of them are aware, or care to recollect, that the same armies which have at one time achieved the most splendid conquests, have at others suffered the most shameful defeats; that the same troops which triumphed in Italy were beaten in Spain, and that the same regiments which were victorious at Salamanca and Vittoria were repulsed at New Orleans; and of how many petty engagements in which the usual course of success was reversed has the memory been lost or the narrative perverted!

One of these not unusual but scarcely noticed reverses has recently tarnished our arms in the South Pacific. In the last of our acquired settlements we have as yet little to boast of in the way of military achievements, nor have our failures been merely negative. The affair of Wairau has not been effaced from the memory of that numerous class who take an interest in the fortunes of New Zealand; and before we have had time to forget the fate of Colonel Wakefield and his companions, we are called on to lament the death of other officers, complicated with the defeat of a military force. It would be unfair at this time and distance to criticise the manœuvres of the troops under Colonel Despard's command, or to pronounce arbitrarily whether the instructions which he gave, or the means of carrying them into effect, are to be reprehended for their insufficiency. There are two points clearly ascertained; the first is, that our troops have been repulsed with loss; the second, that our foes exhibited in combat a greater bravery, and in fortification a greater skill, than we are generally disposed to allow to a savage people. And we may safely infer, what indeed the Australian papers lead us to believe, that our men advanced to storm the stockade elated with the confidence of success, and unprovided with the means of securing it. This will of course be a subject of future enquiry. Even if we could afford to lose a few score of men in a remote dependency, we could not dispense with the necessity of investigating the causes of the loss, and punishing the neglect or the disobedience which had occasioned it. But we cannot afford this loss. A wanton waste of blood is always unpardonable, but to a state whose empire is out of proportion to its military strength, and scattered over every quarter of the globe, it is positively dangerous. It is dangerous to the welfare of its distant subjects not less than to its own honour.

New Zealand has hitherto presented few objects for congratulation or for boast. The origin of its acquisition, and the perpetuation of its dependence, are equally destitute of dignity. A vast country, jobbed by a few lucky traders, or more lucky missionaries, into the hands of adventurous speculation, and for a time bandied about between the conflicting claims of aboriginal tribes, the English Crown, and an English company; debates carried on with the narrowness of legal technicality; barters disclosed of a character more congenial to commercial keenness than to national greatness; squabbles between the colonial Government at home and its deputies abroad,—these were for some time the chief consequences of our latest settlement. To these must now be added a more severe and more galling disappointment. When we compare the actual state of the colony with the predictions that were uttered at the time of its creation, we find one more, among innumerable instances, of the vast distance between the scope of human hopes and their fulfilment.

But other questions force themselves on the mind. Must colonial settlements always be settlements of conquest? Is it impossible to found a colony without destroying its inhabitants? Is there such an instinctive and intuitive and antipathy between different races as to prevent their amicable union? Does blood exercise so great an influence over human actions that no relation can exist between two nations of different origin, but either that of alien enemies or that of conqueror and subject? The history of the world seems to negative the possibility of these conditions. Witness the Spaniards in South America, ourselves in India, our countrymen in North America. We begin humbly as traders and merchants; we end proudly as kings and conquerors. The native army, the native Prince, succumbs to us, as in India; the native chief, the native slave, alike melt before us, as in America. Our merchants make merry in the palaces of the one; our colonists draw the plough over the wigwam of the other. The result is equally the same. *Finis coronat opus.* The end is to one triumph and masterdom; degradation or extirpation to the other. But before that end, what open and what secret crimes! What treasons! What assassinations! What perfidious adjurations! What solemn treaties sacrilegiously violated! What professions of friendship coolly and indifferently belied! It may be also that wars, petty wars, and therefore more bloody, more obstinate, and more cruel than great ones, fill up the interval between the first conception of conquest and its consummation.

Will it be so in New Zealand? God forbid! But what guarantee have we that it shall not be so? Blood has been shed twice. The savage has repulsed his civilized enemy. The gun has been found to be as effective in the hands of the barbarian as of the European; the stockade as stout a defence to the New Zealander as to the Englishman. The untutored and undisciplined throngs of savages—or, if disciplined, disciplined for the nonce by example or necessity, have prevailed over British tactics and courage. The honour of a flag has been soiled; and we know that unvindicated honour deals in carnage. The European by this time has been taught to respect the qualities of his antagonist. But when did mutual respect teach two castes of unequal power to live together in amity? The New Hollander is not respected; he is, therefore, cuffed and beaten like a dog, or shot down in sport. Such sport would be dangerous in New Zealand, and provoke a return in kind. The New Zealander must be chastised; but before you can chastise him you must master him; before you can master him—but the category is painful, though suggested by the warnings of the past.

What is to be done? New Zealand was designed to be a model colony, where natives and foreigners might live happily together, enjoying the fruit of peaceful industry and the blessings of a prevalent Christianity. Look on this picture and on that! Will the hope ever be realized? We will not say this is impossible; but to realize it events must be put in a very different train from the present. We must have no little wars. We must have no hollow truce. Either a war conducted on an adequate scale, all-efficient and all-terminating,—a war which shall cut away all the roots and suckers of future resistance—or a treaty intelligible to and recognised by all whom it concerns; a treaty which shall leave no room for special pleading or opportunity for infringement; a treaty which shall satisfy the savage and the settler; which shall preclude the possibility of that fearful warfare which race wages against race till one or other is extinct. This is the only alternative; here is no third course.

Projected Railways.—We have looked with some care at the awful catalogue of projected railways, published in the *Times* of Monday last, and compiled by Mr. Spackman from the books of the Registry Office, at Serjeant's inn, London. And although many remarks may be made upon it to show that it is not strictly correct, yet we are of opinion, first, that it has been accurately taken from the register-books, and next, that it gives by no means an exaggerated view of the monstrous amount of speculation in railways that has been going on all over the kingdom. According to that catalogue there are no less than 1263 companies intending to construct railways in the United Kingdom! Of these, 643 have not registered their prospectuses, and, therefore, no estimate is given of the cost of their projected lines. But the estimated outlay of the 620 companies which have registered the particulars of their schemes, amounts to the astounding aggregate of £563,203,000. If we might suppose that the 643 companies whose prospectuses have not been registered reckoned on a capital equal to the 620 whose prospectuses are registered, we should have a total of upwards of £1,100,000,000. But we cannot safely make that assumption. On looking over the list, we find that many of the railway companies are registered twice or thrice, under the different titles which they have taken at different stages of their progress. For example, the West Riding Union is entered, and also the West Yorkshire, the West Riding Junction, and the Huddersfield, Halifax, and Bradford Union, though the last three (two of which were competing companies) have all been amalgamated under the name of the first. Again, the names of some companies are retained whose bills were defeated last session, as the Harrogate and Ripon Junction. Again, some old railways are entered, though the object is merely to amalgamate them with other old lines; as the Kenyon and Leigh Junction, to be amalgamated with the Grand Junction. Some of the entries are made merely by way of preparing for slight deviations, or small additional branches, from old railways. And we recognise many entries of ridiculous companies which were never formed at all, but which their impudent projectors registered as the preliminary step towards their formation. But, on the other hand, we find a considerable number of railway companies who are now advertising their projected lines in the *Gazette* and in the local papers, and who, not having registered by the 31st October, are not in Mr. Spackman's list. In the *Leeds Mercury* there are eight announcements of this kind. Again, a very considerable proportion of the companies who have not registered the particulars of their projects are amongst the best and strongest of the whole; for example, out of 88 new railways, whose notices of application to Parliament appear in the *Mercury*, no less than 20 are in the *Times'* list without any estimated capital. Among these 20 are the West Riding Union, the branches to the London and York, the North and South Junction (Halifax and Keighley), the Manchester, Oldham, and Huddersfield Junction, the South Yorkshire Coal, the Hull and Barnsley, the Grand Junction and Midlands, &c.; all of which lines are respectably supported. Taking these things into account, and making a very large deduction from the *Times'* list for the reasons already mentioned, we think it probable that (though the number of companies must be reduced) the amount given as the aggregate capital of companies which intended *bona fide* to go to Parliament—namely, £563,203,000 is not above the mark. To be sure, many of these are competing lines, and in such cases the projected outlay could not be incurred. But the number of companies serves at least to show the intensity of the speculative mania that has been raging; and moreover, many of the competing lines have paid up their deposits, which is a very serious consideration in regard to the state of the money market for some months to come. Mr. Spackman puts down the sum of £11,171,727 as deposits which he presumes to be actually paid on 218 of the projected lines, and £9,595,464 as requiring additionally to be paid on the same lines to comply with the standing orders of Parliament. Here we have a sum of £20,767,191 that is expected to be deposited on only 218 of the lines. But a multitude of other companies have also received their deposits, several of those above specified, to our own knowledge; and that amount, whatever it may be, is to be added to the £20,767,191. Mr. Spackman estimates the deposits on the other 402 railways which have registered their estimated capital, at £38,369,109; which, added to the £20,767,191, would make total of £59,136,300 of deposits! Every penny of which ought to be paid into the Bank of England within fourteen days of the meeting of Parliament! O glorious frenzy of speculation. It paid in money, these deposits would require all the coin and bullion and all the bank notes in the country to pay them. But the thing is frightfully, ludicrously impossible. If attempted, it would drain every drop of vital fluid out of the arteries and veins of the industrial community.—*Leeds Mercury.*

John Backhouse, Esq.—With sincere regret do we record the death of John Backhouse, Esq., late Under-Secretary of State in the Foreign Department. He died at his house in Hans-place, having suffered long from a fatal illness, which a tour last year to a milder climate could not remove. Severe application to his official duties was probably the proximate cause of this malady, for a more diligent and assiduous public servant the country never possessed. Mr. Backhouse's entry into political life may be dated from the election of Mr. Canning for Liverpool; from which place he removed to London, to act as the secretary for its gifted representative, and take care of the important parliamentary business connected with its vast mercantile interests. In this situation he so highly recommended himself to his principal as soon to be advanced by him to trusts of a more general national character, and thus in a short time to become the holder of an office of the utmost confidence and responsibility. In every point of his useful career Mr. Backhouse showed himself to be eminently worthy of this preferment; and we may safely state, that the conduct of no man in such a station ever gave more satisfaction to his employers, or contributed more essentially to the prompt and judicious administration of affairs, than was the result of Mr. Backhouse's faithful labours. His attachment to literature was a prominent part of his life; and readers may remember the interesting manner in which he edited the "Narrative of the American Sailor, Robert Adams's residence in the Interior of Africa, at Timbuctoo," &c. We have reason to believe that Mr. Backhouse wrote frequently in several of the most popular periodicals; and also assisted in other literary undertakings of considerable interest. He was in every relation of society most highly and deservedly esteemed.—*Literary Gazette.*

Maynooth College.—Sir Robert Peel.—The board of Maynooth College recently made an application to Sir Robert Peel, stating that the sum of £30,000 allocated for repairing the old and erecting new buildings, would fall far short of the requisite amount, as appeared by the plans and estimates of Mr. Pugin, the architect, which were forwarded to the right honourable baronet, and it was submitted for the consideration of Government, whether, under such circumstances, an increase of the building fund should not be made. The reply of the Treasury was read at a meeting of the board on Friday, November 21, peremptorily refusing any increase whatever. Already upwards of £2000 have been expended by the board of works in the repair of the old college buildings, and much remains to be done, independently of the new buildings. The board, having no alternative, determined to call upon Mr. Pugin to make a corresponding reduction in his plans and estimates, in order that the sum allocated should cover all expenses. A building committee was appointed, to consult with the architect, consisting of Archbishops Crolly, Murray, Slattery, and M'Hale; Right Rev. Dr. Kinsella, Lord Ffrench, Sir Patrick Bellew, and Mr. Hussey.

Munificent Gift to Greenock.—It is with very great pleasure that we have to intimate the presentation of the most valuable donation ever given to Greenock by any individual. The late Sir Gabriel Wood, whose demise took place in London a few days ago, has given in charge of appointed executors the princely sum of £80,000, to be expended in the erection and maintenance of an hospital in Greenock, for the reception of the aged, infirm, and disabled seamen of that port. This well-designed legacy to his fellow townsmen must convey the most gratifying news to many an old tar, whose shattered timbers will now be safely moored in a harbour more cheerful and commodious than they ever dreamed of, and cause the name of Sir Gabriel Wood to be enrolled among the kindest, the best, and the bravest of Greenock's sons. Let us hope that those whom the kind-hearted donor has appointed to carry out his benevolent purpose will exercise all their caution, energies, and prudence in the erection and other preliminaries of the work.—*Glasgow National.*

The Grand Antipodean and Hemispherical Junction Railway, between Glasgow and Sydney.—The projectors of this railway have determined on carrying out the recommendations of the Board of Trade in favour of the most direct lines; and on taking a terrestrial globe—such as those used at schools—it will be found that an iron rod stuck into it at Glasgow, and driven completely through, will come out at Sydney. It is therefore obvious that the most direct road to the antipodes would be a straight tunnel carried through the centre of the world direct—forming a great trunk line, from which branches might be carried to all the mines in every part of the earth, so that gold could be brought straight from Golconda to Glasgow, and thence by railway to the London market. The benefit to the potteries can only be conceived by those who know the value of clay brought up in its pure state from the centre of the earth, while the chance of the precious metals which may be come upon in the course of the cuttings will be another of the peculiar advantages of this undertaking. It is obvious that the principle of gravitation will cause the trains to travel at a rate hitherto wholly unattainable, as far as the centre of gravity, to which point it is proposed to carry the line at present. There will consequently be a succession of down trains only, in the first instance, but the up trains will be put on as soon as a magnetic apparatus, now under consideration by the provisional committee, has been completely organized. It will be seen that no steam being necessary, no explosion need be apprehended, and there being neither smoke nor hot water—the latter being often productive of bubbles—the usual fate of many railroad projects cannot, in this instance, be looked for. Parties desirous of spending a short time at the centre of gravity, for the purpose of inspecting the interesting relics with which that favoured locality abounds, will have an opportunity of doing so, but there will be fast trains running right through without stoppage, the *momentum* acquired in the descent of the down trains being quite sufficient to convert it into an up train without any additional power. Further particulars may be obtained of Fudge, Brothers, and Co., brokers, Glasgow. April 1, 1845.—*Punch.*

BIRTH.

On the 3rd instant, at Westbourne, Bathurst, Mrs. Edgar Cox, of a son.

AUSTRALIAN CABINET AND UPHOLSTERY WAREHOUSE,
No. 579, Lower George-street,
Opposite the Herald Office, and next door to Mr. W. Hebblewhite's.

WILLIAM BRADY, who for many years carried on the above business in Pitt-street, Sydney, opposite Messrs. Bourne and Co's., and who retired from the same in 1840, in favour of Messrs. Brady and Riley, begs to inform his friends and the public in general that he has recommenced the business of a cabinetmaker and upholsterer, at the above address, where he trusts, from the very great patronage he received when formerly in business, he may now expect a share of their support.

W. B. having for the last two years had it in contemplation to again commence business, has been enabled to purchase a large quantity of goods suited for his business, which, together with a large quantity of seasoned timber, will enable him to manufacture the best articles of furniture at a lower price than any other house in town.

W. B. begs to remind his country friends of his peculiar method of packing furniture of every description, warranted to go to any part of the colony free from damage.

W. B. will always have a large stock of furniture on hand, having converted the whole of his premises into show rooms.

April 6. 5725

OIL CLOTHS.
FOR SALE AT THE AUSTRALIAN CABINET AND UPHOLSTERY WAREHOUSE,
579, *Lower George-street*,
OPPOSITE THE "HERALD" OFFICE,

OIL CLOTHS, from 24 feet to 70 feet wide, of the best description. Also, yard wide, for halls and passages
Stair cloths, and very handsome for counters, ¾ wide
At very low prices.
W. BRADY,
579, Lower George-street,
5726 Opposite the *Herald* Office.

TO CABINETMAKERS AND OTHERS.

FOR SALE by the undersigned, Hair Cloths, from 19 to 26 inches wide,—curled horse (English) chair web, &c.
W. BRADY,
579, Lower George-street,
5727 Opposite the *Herald* Office.

CARPETS, CARPETS, CARPETS
MAGNIFICENT BRUSSELS.
PERSIAN IMPERIAL.
KIDDERMINSTER TAPESTRY
AND
VENETIAN CARPETS AND RUGS

DAVID JONES AND CO. beg to inform families, the trade, and the public generally, that they have this day opened 15 bales (about 4000 yards) of the above carpets.

Persons intending to purchase have now an opportunity of selecting from the largest stock of really rich and elegant carpets and rugs ever seen in the colony.

N.B.—A few patterns of inferior Brussels Carpets, at 4s. per yard; ditto ditto Kidderminster, at 2s 6d. ditto.
George-street, April 4. 5679

COALS.

THE public are informed, that Newcastle Coals are supplied as usual at the Wharf, Miller's Point, where orders will be received, and at
W. EBSWORTH'S Office,
Reiby Cottage,
5700 George-street

"THE SHIPPING GAZETTE."

COMPLETE FILES of *The Shipping Gazette, and Sydney General Trade List*, from the commencement of its publication, in 1844, or files for the year 1845, can be obtained at the *Herald* Office.

CHEAP FUNERALS!

WHILST the Doctors are disputing, the *Undertaker* takes the opportunity to inform the public, that he is furnishing Funerals cheaper than any other person in the trade, and will continue so to do, pledging himself to punctuality and respectability, with charges that will satisfy all, except—
JAMES CURTIS,
Hunter-street.
N. B.—Spring Vans on hire, for the safe removal of Furniture. 5743

WARNER, CARTWRIGHT, AND WARNER'S
PATENT MERINO UNDER-CLOTHING, consisting of—
Ladies' vests and drawers, all sizes
Ladies', maids', and children's hose
Children's white and coloured socks, all sizes
Gentlemen's short and long drawers
Ditto vests, of all sizes and qualities
Ditto white and coloured hose and half hose.

The above goods have been received direct from the patentees, and are therefore
WARRANTED GENUINE.

Ladies, gentlemen, and families requiring supplies of this superior make of goods for the approaching season, are solicited to inspect the same, of every description, quality, and size made by the patentees, and at the lowest remunerating per centage upon the manufacturer's prices, at
PITE AND PRESTON'S,
5740 Emporium, 263, Pitt-street

SLOPS! SLOPS!! SLOPS!!!
IMPORTANT NOTICE.
TO SETTLERS, STOREKEEPERS, AND THE PUBLIC AT LARGE.

DAVID JONES AND CO., encouraged by the unparalleled increase which has taken place in every branch of their business during the last six months, beg to inform their numerous friends and connexions, that no effort on their part shall be wanting to deserve their continued confidence and support. With a view to this end, they have just effected several large purchases of Slops and general Drapery Goods (on the most advantageous terms), which, in addition to their already unrivalled stock, they are prepared to offer at such a reduced scale of profits, as enables them to defy the competition of any house whatever.

The public will see the impossibility of giving, in an advertisement, a list of even a tithe of the numerous articles, embraced in a stock at all times exceeding one-fourth of the imports of the colony. A few, however, of the leading articles required by Settlers and Storekeepers are enumerated, which Messrs. D Jones and Co. are prepared to offer at prices hitherto unprecedented.

BLANKETS.
Blankets, bush and army, from 5s. 6d. per pair
Ditto, Bury and cloth Witney
Ditto, real Witney, for family use
Rugs, 8-4, 9-4, 10-4, and 11-4, from 2s. 6d.
Counterpanes, 8-4, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4
White ditto, 8-4, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4
Ditto imperial ditto, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4, and 13-4
Quilts, 6-8, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4
Ditto summer ditto, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4, and 13-4

SHIRTS.
Striped shirts, 17s. to 21s.
Ditto ditto, *made to order*, 12s. 6d.
Regatta ditto, to 21s.
Ditto ditto, extra stout and large, 21s.
Ditto ditto, full fronts and strapped, 28s.
Royal Thames ditto, full fashioned, 42s.
White ditto, linen fronts, collars, &c., 30s. to 66s.
Ditto ditto, made to order, 84s.
Scotch twilled ditto, 25s. to 28s.
Ditto ditto, *very stout and made to order*, 3s.
Baize shirts, red and blue
Serge ditto, red and blue
Royal ditto, red and blue.

COATS.
Coats, shepherds
Ditto, stockmen's, 12s. 6d. and upwards
Ditto, pilots
Ditto, Brighton beaver
Ditto, ditto, quilted ditto
Ditto tweed, 8s. 6d., and upwards
Ditto cantoons
Ditto gambroons, 9s. and upwards
Ditto monkey and pea
Ditto buckskin Chesterfields
Ditto ditto double seamed ditto
Ditto fancy doeskin shooting ditto

TROUSERS.
15,000 Pairs moleskin trousers, 33s. to 72s.
5,000 Ditto ditto extra stout, and double stitched and strapped
Trousers, drab corduroy
Ditto, ditto woollen cord
Ditto, blue and drab flushing
Ditto, blue pilot
Ditto, superfine blue cloth
Ditto, doe and buckskin
Ditto, duck and canvass

VESTS.
Vests, silk plush
Ditto ditto ditto, with sleeves
Ditto swansdown
Ditto ditto, with sleeves
Ditto tweed
Ditto ditto double breasted
Ditto cachmere, black, buff, and white
Ditto satin, black and coloured
Ditto Valencia and Cachemerette
Ditto quilting, white and fancy.

JACKETS.
Jackets, superfine blue cloth
Ditto pilot ditto
Ditto drab moleskin
Ditto millers' ditto
Ditto white ditto
Ditto cord
Ditto jean
Ditto drill and duck
Stockmen's boots
Cabbage-tree hats
Duck frocks
Guernsey frocks
Yarn ditto
Lambswool vests and drawers
Worsted ditto
Merino ditto and drawers
Royal ribbed ditto
Flannel ditto and drawers
Jim Crow and wide-awake hats
Scotch and Kilmarnock caps
Scarlet caps and comforters
Macintosh and boat cloaks
Drab, doe, and buckskin gloves
Riding belts
&c., &c., &c.

The proprietors of this establishment beg to inform such of their friends and customers as have not an opportunity of visiting Sydney, that their stock of General Drapery Goods has lately been increased to double its usual amount, and at present embraces every article required both for use and ornament.

THEIR STOCK OF
SHIRTING, LONGCLOTHS, 7-8 AND 4-4 IRISH LINENS AND DIAPERS, HUCKABACKS, 5-4, 6-4 AND 10-4 COTTON AND LINEN SHEETINGS, TABLE DIAPERS AND DAMASKS
DOUBLE DAMASK CLOTHS AND NAPKINS
DAMASK AND EMBOSSED TABLE COVERS
DAMASK AND PRINTED FURNITURES
FRENCH AND ENGLISH MERINOES
PLAID CACHEMERES, GALA PLAIDS
ALPACA LUSTRES, ORLEANS CLOTHS
CLOUDED ALPACAS AND MERINOES
CHECKED D'ETS, CHECKED CHALLI
SILKS, SATINS, AND VELVETS
BRITISH AND FOREIGN SHAWLS
TARTAN AND FANCY PLAID SHAWLS
SATIN, MORIE, AND VELVET SCARFS
SATIN, MORIE, AND VELVET CARDINALS
PLAID, CACHEMERE, AND NEAPOLITAN CLOAKS
BONNETS, RIBBONS, GLOVES, LACE
PARASOLS, FLOWERS, &c.
WILL BE FOUND IN EXTENT, VARIETY, ELEGANCE, AND CHEAPNESS, UNAPPROACHED IN NEW SOUTH WALES.
George-street, March 26. 5631

IRRAWANG POTTERY WARE.

10 CRATES of the above, consisting of pint basins, 2s. 6d. per dozen; wash basins, 6d. to 10d. each; ewer, basin, chamber, for 2s. 6d.; chambers, 6d. to 10d. each; pudding basins, 5d. each, pie dishes, 5d., 6d., and 8d. each; mugs, 3d. each; three pint jugs, 8d. each; milk pans, 12s., 14s. and 16s. per dozen; covered butters, 1s. 6d. each; cheese pans, 3s. each; cream jars; one, two, and three gallon jars; half gallon, one gallon, and two gallon stone bottles, Druid jugs, royal jugs, stool pans; preserve jars, 3s., pints 4s., quarts, 6s. per dozen; water monkeys, 2s. 6d. each: cullenders, 10d. each; gallon pitchers, water bottles, 1s. each.

A liberal allowance to shippers and the trade. Sold wholesale and retail by
T. R. COATES,
Staffordshire and Irrawang Pottery Warehouse,
365, George-street.
ALSO,
20 Dinner services, in blue, green, brown, and Indian ink colours, of the newest style, and an extensive assortment of toilet-ware. 5766

WINDOW GLASS, OF EVERY SIZE

JUST LANDED, ex *Mary*, and on sale at
CHAPMAN AND CO.'s.
79, and 80, George street,
5680 Next to the Post Office

NOW LANDING, ex *St. George*, and on sale by the undersigned—
White lead
Boiled and raw linseed oil
British turps
Varnishes and Dry colours } of every description
Window glass, all sizes, from 10 x 8 to 39 x 32
With every other article in the oil and colour line, at the lowest market price.
F. WHITWORTH,
Oil and Colourman,
582, Lower George-street,
Next door to the *Herald* Office.
April 7. 5756

WALTHALL'S COLONIAL NEGROHEAD,
1s. 1d. PER POUND BY THE KEG.
AT DIXSON'S TOBACCO ESTABLISHMENT,
540, George-street. 5262

WEST INDIA RUM.

FINE full flavoured Rum, in hogsheads, either in or out of bond, from five to twenty over proof.
HENRY FISHER,
City Depôt
Corner of King and George streets.
April 6. 5692

CASE GIN.

RED CASE GIN, very fine flavoured
Green ditto ditto ditto
Either in or out of bond, for sale by
HENRY FISHER,
City Depôt,
Corner of King and George streets.
April 6 5690

MARTELL'S AND HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

150 One hundred and fifty hhds very best.
HENRY FISHER,
City Depôt,
Corner of King and George streets.
April 6. 5691

FOREIGN RUM AND TINGED GIN.
TO CAPTAINS AND OTHERS.

ONE HUNDRED HHDS., suitable for shipment, on sale at
HENRY FISHER'S,
City Depôt,
Corner of King and George streets.
April 6. 5690

CASE GIN.

FINEST GENEVA, in cases and half cases, in or out of bond.
E. S. HILL,
5719 209, Pitt-street.

B. P. RUM.

A FEW HOGSHEADS fine flavoured West India Rum, 10 O. P., in or out of bond.
E. S. HILL,
5118 209, Pitt-street.

TO SHIPPERS.
NOW LANDING,

50 HOGSHEADS of East India Rum, of superior quality, from 25 to 35 O.P.
At GLANHAM'S,
561, George-street,
5736 Next to Mr. S. Lyons.

HUNT'S OPORTO-BOTTLED PORT.

I. O. GLANHAM begs particularly to call the attention of those parties who have not yet tried Hunt's Port Wine, not to lose the opportunity of purchasing, as there is but a small quantity left.

P. S.—This wine is acknowledged by connoisseurs to be the best in the city.
561, George-street,
5735 Next door to Mr. S Lyons.

NOW LANDING,

A VERY Superior Batch of Sherry in wood and bottle, on sale at
GLANHAM'S,
561, George-street,
5757 Next to Mr. S. Lyons.

TO GROCERS, SETTLERS, AND OTHERS.

"ALFRED," T. AND CO., FINE HYSONSKIN, MOWSHING, 1846.

1000 CHESTS of the above Tea, the finest sample in Sydney, equal to that approved mark
"CHALLENGER," FINE HYSONSKIN.
On sale at Isaac Simmons's store, Queen's Place, Lower George-street. 5732

FINE WHITE RICE.

700 BAGS of Fine White Table Rice, on sale at
ISAAC SIMMONS'S,
Queen's-place,
7530 Lower George-street.

LIVERPOOL SALT at £3 12s. 6d. per ton, bags included.
E. S. HILL,
5717 209, Pitt-street.

PRIME KENT HOPS, 1844.

ON SALE by the undersigned—Four pockets Hops, in prime condition, landed this day 6th April, 1846.
C. WRIGHT.
Fort-street, between Morris-place and the residence of W. Walker, Esq. 5711

ON SALE, daily expected from Hobart Town, per *Triad*—
Hydraulic pressed oaten hay
Seed oats
ALSO
Now landing, ex *Louisa*,
260 bags Brown's River potatoes
GEORGE THORNE,
Lower George-street.
April 7. 5768

FOR SALE,

A PILENTUM BRITZKA, a very fashionable carriage; to be seen at Mr. Martyn's Repository, Pitt-street. 5739

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GRAND CABINET PIANOFORTE FOR SALE.

RECENTLY imported by Mr. Paulus; it has all the modern improvements, and is really a splendid instrument—may be seen at Mr. Johnson's "Crown" Tavern, Brickfield Hill. 5769

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE CONTRACT,

TWO superior Carriage Horses, of the Beverly breed, bright bays, with black points, (no white about them.) They are equal to any carriage, seven years' old, and will be warranted quiet and sound.

They have been in family use for some years by the proprietor, who is only desirous of parting with them in consequence of changing his residence from the country to Sydney.

For further particulars apply to Mr. R. Protheroe, 216, Elizabeth-street North; or for inspection to Dickson and Jones, Livery Stables, York-street. 5732

TO CARCASS BUTCHERS.

FOR SALE, at Black Creek, Liverpool Plains, superior fat Sheep and Bullocks. Apply to Mr. Hussey, overseer there. If by letter post-paid, addressed to the care of Mr. J. Cox, Murrurundi. 6816

WOOL AND SHEEPSKINS.

THE Undersigned are cash purchasers of washed and unwashed wools and sheepskins.

4449 J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO.

THE Undersigned will advance on wool, tallow, and other produce, consigned to their friends in London, Messrs. John Gore and Co.

GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO.

Spring-street, August 18. 2558

HORSES.

THE undersigned is a purchaser of Horses in good condition, well bred, and with long tails.

J. G. HAND,
Dunheved,
St. Mary's.

April 4. 5705

HORSES FOR THE INDIAN MARKET.

THE undersigned is instructed to purchase a lot of really choice Colts for the above market.

No applications will be attended to unless the animals are of good and suitable description.

Apply between the hours of eight and nine in the morning, to Mr. W. Drake, Dixon's Mills, Sussex-street.

T. S. MORT,
5485 Auctioneer and Broker.

HORSES FOR THE INDIAN ARMY.

PURCHASING has for the present ceased at Bungarrabbee, but will recommence early in June next; of this due notice will be given.

ARBUTHNOT DALLAS,
H. E. I. C. S.

H. E. I. C. Depôt, Bungarrabbee,
March 21. 4747

CONSIGNEES per *ST. GEORGE*, Hernaman, master, from London, are requested to pass their entries immediately for Campbell's Wharf.

GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER,
Lower George-street.

April 6. 5732

IN THE ESTATE OF MR. FREDERIC WALKER PENDRAY, LATE OF THE CITY OF SYDNEY, IN THE COLONY OF NEW SOUTH WALES, DECEASED.

WHEREAS letters of administration of the effects of the abovenamed deceased were granted to me by the Honorable the Supreme Court of New South Wales on the 31st day of March, 1846, I therefore require all persons having claims against the estate of the said F. W. Pendray to furnish me with the nature and particulars thereof; and I further hereby require all persons indebted to the said estate, or who were possessed of money, goods, chattels or other effects, papers, memorandums, or documents of any description, belonging to the said deceased, at the time of his death, or who are now possessed of any money, goods and chattels, or other effects, papers, memorandums, or documents, belonging to the said estate, immediately to pay the amount of such debts or money, and deliver the said goods and chattels, &c., respectively, to the undersigned, otherwise instructions will be given to his attorney to proceed against them without further notice.

WILLIAM PENDRAY, Senior,
44, Castlereagh-street South,
Administrator to the said Estate.

April 3, 1846. 5575

NOTICE TO THE CREDITORS IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF J. T. HUGHES.

THE PLAN of final distribution in this estate having been confirmed by the Court, the dividends will be payable at the office of the trustees, Bank of Australia Buildings, George-street: on and after Thursday, the 9th instant.

Sydney, April 6 5699

JONAS BROWN RIDER, having absented himself from the business lately carried on under the firm of Young and Rider, as engineers, at Stockton, I, the undersigned, hereby give notice, that I shall not be answerable for any debts contracted by the said Jonas Brown Rider, on the partnership account.

ALEXANDER YOUNG.

Stockton, March 10. 5770

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS are required for repairs to St. Peter's Church, Cook's River Road. Specifications, &c., may be seen at Mr. Edmund Blacket's, South Head Road. 5728

SHEEP ON HALVES.

THE Advertiser, having an extensive and very desirable sheep run in the neighbourhood of Goulburn, upon which he resides himself, is desirous of receiving a few thousand sound and healthy sheep on such terms as may be agreed.

For particulars apply to Mr. Mort, George-street; or to Mr. Hull, Post-office, Goulburn. 4078

STORE WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT, a small Store, about 40 feet by 20, or two rooms of a similar size, in a central part of the city. Letters, stating situation and terms, addressed J. B., to be left at Mr. Moffitt's Stationery Warehouse, Pitt-street. 5715

WEAVERS WANTED. Apply to A. AND J. RAYNER, Goulburn-street West.

Price, Eight-pence per yard. 5129

WANTED, good needlewomen; none that cannot give respectable references need apply (between nine and ... o'clock, A.M.), to CHRISTOPHER NEWTON, ... HER. 5754

WANTED, a man and his wife to take charge of a dairy about twenty-five miles from Sydney. Application to be made to Mr. Castle, next to Dr. Bland's, Pitt-street. 5636

WANTED, two respectable young women, as house and child's maids. Apply to

MRS. E. H. POLLARD,
Sydney Glebe.

April 6. 5688

WANTED, an active Girl. Apply at the School of Arts, Pitt-street. 5721

WANTED, A COOK. Application to be made to Mrs Riddell, at Larbert Cottage, Woolloomooloo. None need apply who cannot produce testimonials as to character and ability. 5720

WANTED, a Cook who thoroughly understands her business, with a good character. Apply to

MRS. PERKINS,
5733 467, George-street

WANTED, a Man Servant, accustomed to public-house work. Apply at the Commercial Hotel, King and Sussex streets. 5751

WANTED, a man or woman Cook. Also, a boy to clean boots and knives. Apply to Mrs. Watkins, Cumberland-place. 5766

WANTED, a man and his wife; the man to act as groom, and the woman as housemaid. Apply to Mrs. R. Ward, Forth and Clyde Hotel, Bridge-street. 5768

SITUATION WANTED, by a person of respectability, as Collector, or Salesman in a wholesale house. Has been in the colony some years, and can give security if required. Apply to B. A., *Herald* Office. 5764

SHEEP.

FOUND, astray on the run of Woomargama, near the Hume River, a number of sheep, which the owner can have on proving them to be his property, and paying charges. These sheep are now on the abovenamed run, and if not claimed in twenty-one days, will be sold to pay expenses.

5560 ROBERT WYLDE.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

LOST OR STRAYED.

ONE BAY MARE, black points, branded JR upon the near shoulder, and a single ꟻ upon the neck, and a filly foal at her side.

One Mare, chestnut, white face, branded JR upon the near shoulder, a long tail, and a —J brand under the saddle not plain; a filly foal at her side.

Ten pounds if stolen, upon conviction of the party; if strayed, Five Pounds upon accurate information being given.

JOHN ROSS,
Rosevalley, Moreton Bay,
Near Limestone.

March 23. 5703

ONE POUND REWARD.

STOLEN OR STRAYED, from Gundara, near Goulburn, a BAY MARE, branded M near shoulder, H off shoulder; horse foal by her side, which had a stone in his forehead, silver legged.

ALSO,

A chestnut Mare, branded A2 on near shoulder, not very legible, and RM off ribs; 13 a chesnut foal by her side, which had a blaze down the face.

Any person bringing them to me at the Argyle Store, Goulburn, will receive the above reward.

5701 JAMES LAW.

LOST.—TEN SHILLINGS REWARD

LOST, on Sunday last, between Christ Church, St. Lawrence, and Lyons-terrace, a gold seal with green blood stone, engraved with crest and three initials. Whoever has found the same, and will bring it to the office of Messrs. Sheppard and Alger, 468, George-street, will receive the above reward. 5704

PRIVATE BOARD AND LODGING.

A LADY and Gentleman require Board and Lodging with a family of respectability, or with a widow lady, where there are no children or other boarders. Applications, stating terms and situation, addressed to S., will be promptly attended to. 5713

BOARD AND LODGING.

ONE or two Gentlemen can be comfortably accommodated with board and residence. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. Pearson, 109, Elizabeth-street, Hyde Park.

BOARDING HOUSE, Watson's Bay, for Invalids, Families, and Select Parties. Conducted by Mr. and Mrs. William Gibson.

References are kindly permitted to those ladies and gentlemen who have patronized the house.

Letters for Mr. Gibson left at Mr. Holmes's, Lower George-street, will be immediately attended to. 5712

OFFICES and Stores to let, on moderate terms.

R. O. REILLY,
City Ironmongery Warehouse,
2913 George-street.

WHARF TO LET.

MILNE'S WHARF, adjoining the Gas Company's, with a good dwelling house, stores, and everything for heaving down a vessel of 500 tons.

Apply to
BUYERS AND LOCHHEAD,
5147 Harrington-street

TO LET.

A STORE, capable of containing 500 tons merchandise, situate in Jamison-lane. Rent moderate.

Apply to
JOHN STIRLING,
Grocer,
5098 559, George-street.

TO LET

TWO HOUSES in Lyons's Terrace, viz.:—

One corner of Macquarie-street, lately occupied by Adolphus Young, Esq.

And one corner of the South Head Road, lately occupied by C. D. Riddell, Esq.

ALSO,

One House in Brisbane-street, South Head Road. Apply to

MR. SAMUEL LYONS,
George-street and Charlotte-place.

March 27. 5186

TO BE LET ON IMPROVING LEASES.

ALLOTMENTS, comprising some of the best portions of land at Five Dock and Burwood Estates, well adapted for market gardens, or agricultural purposes. Also, ten acres of good land at Botany; and an allotment of eight acres of land, situated in Lane Cove. Would also be sold, or let on improving or building leases, a portion of land situated on the Cook's River Road, and forming a portion of the Bello Retiro Estate.

Apply to
ALLAN M'GAA.

Queen-street, March 26. 5092

TO LET, ON CLEARING LEASES, for a term of five or seven years, without rent, subject to the usual conditions, allotments of land, varying from five to twenty acres each. The land is of excellent quality, and will adjoin an extensive Farm, now occupied for agricultural, dairying, and grazing purposes. The land is situated upon the coast, about ten miles from the Harbour and Township of Ulladulla, is supplied with abundance of never-failing fresh water, and is in the immediate neighbourhood of a good Store. To respectable and industrious families every reasonable facility would be afforded, and well bred quiet cows, horses, or working oxen would be sold or let at a low rate to the tenants. Apply for further particulars to

ALLAN M'GAA,
Queen-street.

March 26. 5093

TO LET.

A HOUSE at Pyrmont, containing six rooms, a pantry, servants' room, and detached kitchen, verandah both back and front, well of water, and garden ground. For further particulars, apply between 9 A.M. and 6 P.M. to

JOHN KELLICK,
5765 Union Wharf.

TO LET, for a term of years, on the Parramatta River, at Kissing Point, the family mansion (Helline), the residence of Mrs. Baldock, possession to be given on the first of May next. Helline is situated on the bank of the river, near the steamers' landing place, at Kissing Point; has eleven rooms, with out-offices complete, and a five-stall stable. Also, a splendid garden and orchard of eight acres, consisting of a choice selection of various kinds of fruit trees, now coming into full bearing, with an extensive trellice walk of grape vines. There are 100 acres of land attached, that may be let with the premises, as agreed on. Application (if by letter post paid), to be made to the proprietor, Mr. Isaac Shepherd, Kissing Point, to Mr. Thomas Stubbs, Auction Mart, Sydney; or, to

MR. BIBB, Architect,
Macquarie-street.

March 24. 4955

ELIGIBLE OPPORTUNITY FOR A PERSON OF SMALL CAPITAL.

TO LET, unfurnished, on a lease of seven or ten years, in consequence of the proprietor leaving the colony, that old established Inn known as the Black Horse, Sutton Forest, on the great Southern Road, containing sixteen bed and sitting rooms, bar, tap-room, laundry, coach house, servants' sleeping-rooms, under-ground cellars, and numerous other out-offices; stabling, &c., for twelve horses;—all in the first-rate order, not a shilling to be expended: the garden is well stocked with the best fruit trees, together with 80 acres of land, 50 of which is in a state of cultivation; the Royal Mail and another public coach stops daily and changes horses Rent, £70 per annum, payable quarterly. For further particulars apply to Mr. A. Gray, on the premises, Sutton Forest; or, to

J. J. HIGGINS,
Berrima.

THE LICENSE, BAR FIXTURES, &c., WILL BE TRANSFERRED.

The whole of the splendid household furniture, consisting of—beds, bedsteads, sofas, chairs, tables, carpets, curtains, delph, glass, with every requisite article, will be sold by public auction, on the premises, on TUESDAY, 23RD JUNE NEXT.

All letters to be post-paid. 5706

SALES BY AUCTION.

APRIL 7, 1846.

TO MONEY HOLDERS, BUILDERS, FOUNDERS, FACTORS, SHIPWRIGHTS, BOAT-BUILDERS, CEDAR MERCHANTS, CAPTAINS OF COASTING VESSELS, STOREKEEPERS, FELLMONGERS, ENGINEERS, &c.

VALUABLE WATERSIDE PROPERTY,

OPPOSITE TRAFALGAR TERRACE,

WITH

TWO CHARMING BUILDING PLOTS OF LAND,

KENT-STREET NORTH.

TERMS—Cash, payable as follows—twenty-five per cent. on the fall of the hammer, and the residue to be paid on the completion of the title, or as agreed upon; reasonable accommodation, however, will be given for a portion of the purchase money if required.

MR. STUBBS is instructed by the Proprietor, to sell by Public Auction,

THIS DAY, THE 7TH OF APRIL, 1846, On the Premises, Kent-street North, at 12 o'clock precisely,

VIZ.:—

LOT 1.

Waterside Property in Darling Harbour, having sixty feet frontage to the waters thereof, by 102 in depth, with passage to Kent-street.

LOT 2.

Building Plot, Kent-street, 20 x 70 to Jenkins-street.

LOT 3.

Building Plot, Kent-street, 20 x 70 to Jenkins-street.

These premises are centrally situated, and certainly the only independent of the kind to be had in the city.

Vessels of any tonnage may anchor at Lot 1 by running out a Wharf (at a small expense) a few feet beyond low water mark; and it is very respectfully submitted to the gentlemen to whom this advertisement is addressed, that all waterside property between the Market Wharf and Messrs. Boyd and Co.'s Wharf, Miller's Point, is taken at £8 per foot at least, whilst, as the colony prospers, (and we know the high opinion of His Excellency the Governor, "that it has overcome the difficulties against which it has been so long struggling,") there will be much greater difficulty in procuring

WATERSIDE PREMISES,

AT AN UNRESERVED AUCTION SUCH AS THIS MAY BE.

Of Lots 2 and 3 their distinguishing character is, that they are in the very best part of Kent-street, and they enjoy a commanding prospect of the opposite country, diversified by the most beautiful views of steamers, vessels, and boats, incessantly gliding through the waters.

Title—Grant from the Crown to the vendor.

NOTE—Within a few yards of the residence of Mr. Knapp, and Mr. Councillor Agars. 5073

TO STATIONERS, SHOPKEEPERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

TO CLOSE SEVERAL CONSIGNMENTS.

SAMUEL SOLOMONS will sell by auction, at his new Rooms, 26, Hunter-street,

THIS DAY, 7TH INSTANT,
At eleven o'clock,

A few pieces oilskin table covering, prints, calicos, brown hollands, moleskin trousers, bed tick, pins, dish covers, ruled account books, various sizes, pocket knives, cut glass, side board, &c., &c. 5746

BRITISH PLATE DRESSING GLASSES, GILT FRAMED CHIMNEY GLASSES, &c.

To close a Consignment.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

THIS DAY, APRIL 7,
At 12 o'clock,

3 Cases mahogany framed British plate toilet glasses
2 ditto gilt ditto chimney glasses.

Terms at sale. 5754

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, MILLINERY, &c.

ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on

THIS DAY, APRIL 7,
At twelve o'clock,
TWO CASES, CONTAINING

Gambroon, muslin de laine, velvet, and other children's dresses, dress caps, collars, veils, cuffs, &c.

Terms at sale. 5755

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY.

TO CLOSE A CONSIGNMENT.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

THIS DAY, APRIL 7TH,
At eleven o'clock,

4 Pairs elegant fine gold earings
1 Carbuncle tye necklace
1 Lily brooch and earrings, fine gold, mounted in case complete
1 Mosaic solitaire ditto ditto ditto
2 Sets shirt studs ditto ditto ditto
8 Elegant and fashionable breast pins

AFTER WHICH,

Best French lunette watch glasses
Sundry watchmaker's tools, materials &c.

Terms at sale. 5752

SILVER MOUNTED PLATED WARE, ELECTRO PLATED SPOONS, INLAID PAPIER MACHE TRAYS, &c.

To close an Account.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

THIS DAY, APRIL 7,
At Eleven o'clock,

6 Plated and silver mounted butter coolers
10 Ditto ditto waiters
4 ditto ditto pickle frames
4 Ditto ditto inkstands
6 Ditto ditto tea cannisters
5 Ditto ditto liqueur frames
11 Ditto ditto tankards
5 Ditto ditto cruets
5 Pairs ditto ditto bottle stands
2 Ditto ditto cake baskets
5 Sets elegantly painted and pearl inlaid papier mache trays
9 Ditto trays and waiters.

Terms at sale. 5753

FORTY CRATES ASSORTED EARTHENWARE.

LANDING EX "SUNFLOWER."

WITHOUT RESERVE.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George-street,

THIS DAY, 7TH APRIL,
At half-past ten o'clock precisely,

Forty crates assorted earthenware, consisting of

Breakfast cups and saucers
Baking dishes
Oblong dishes
Dinner soups, pie plates
Tea cups and saucers
Teapots, sugar boxes, and cream jugs, printed and dipped
Blue printed chambers, ewers, and basins
White chambers, ewers, and basins
Blue printed and fancy mug and toy cans
„ printed and fancy coloured tankards
„ printed soap boxes and brush trays

Terms at sale. 5531

AMERICAN CLOCKS.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George-street,

THIS DAY, 7TH APRIL,
At half-past ten o'clock precisely,

Eight cases, each containing 6 American clocks, warranted complete and sound

Terms, Cash. 5653

PRIME BEEF.

WARRANTED—WITHOUT RESERVE.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George-street,

THIS DAY, 7TH APRIL,
At half-past ten o'clock precisely,

Twelve tierces prime rounds of beef, in excellent condition.

Terms, Cash. 5654

EAU DE COLOGNE,

BEST SAMPLE IN THE MARKET.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George-street,

THIS DAY, 7TH INSTANT,
At half-past ten o'clock precisely,

Two cases Eau de Cologne, warranted the best sample in the market.

Terms—Cash. 5739

TO IRONMONGERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George-street,

THIS DAY, 7TH INSTANT,
At half-past ten o'clock precisely,

18 dozen pairs assorted bellows
1 Cask tin tacks
A lot of iron boilers, pots, &c.
Tea trays, table knives and forks, pocket knives
&c., &c., &c.

Terms—Cash. 5742

SEAMING TWINE.

WITHOUT RESERVE.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George-street,

THIS DAY, 7TH INSTANT,
At half past Ten o'clock precisely,

THREE Bales SEAMING TWINE.

Terms, cash. 5741

"THE GARDEN OF THE COLONY."

TO CAPITALISTS AND AGRICULTURISTS.

16 AGRICULTURAL FARMS,

FORMING

THE SPLENDID GROOM ESTATE AT ILLAWARRA.

MR. R. FAWCETT has been favoured with instructions, from the Proprietor, to sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George-street, on

TUESDAY, 21ST APRIL,
At 12 o'clock precisely,

THE MAGNIFICENT ESTATE OF GROOM,

at Illawarra, subdivided into sixteen most fertile farms, offering every attraction to the married man and agriculturist that can be sought after in that flourishing district, which has been truly styled "the Garden of the Colony."

Mr. Fawcett begs to annex the original graphic description of this splendid property—

"One thousand two hundred and eighty acres, lying and being in the County of Camden, at Illawarra, commencing at the south-east corner of Terry's land, bounded on the north by part of Wentworth's and Gore's land, being a line bearing east eight chains to the corner of Darcy Wentworth's two thousand acres, &c."

A plan of the whole, carefully and accurately laid out, by Mr. R. W. Goodall, may be seen at the Rooms of the Auctioneer.

Terms at sale. 5475

WEDNESDAY, 8TH APRIL.

TO TRADERS TO THE ISLANDS, WHALING MASTERS, STATIONERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte-place, on

WEDNESDAY, 8TH APRIL,
At 11 o'clock,

8 cases large blue beads, for the island trade
4 cases striped shirting, very superior quality
5 cases fancy China paper
5 bales heavy woolpacks
16 pieces white China matting
12 pieces coloured ditto
Kidderminster carpeting
Champagne, Cider, Ledgers, &c.

Terms at sale. 5726

TUESDAY, 7TH APRIL.

NEW FRUIT,

NOW LANDING.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte-place,

THIS DAY, 7TH APRIL,
At eleven o'clock,

30 Quarter-chests prunes
20 Half-chests ditto
20 Quarter-barrels ditto
100 Boxes bunch Muscatel raisins
25 Bags Barcelona nuts.

Terms at sale. 5646

TUESDAY 7TH APRIL.

THIRTY-ONE HEAD OF WELL-BRED HORSES.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction,

AT THE CATTLE MARKET,
THIS DAY, THE 7TH APRIL,
At eleven o'clock,

30 HORSES AND 1 MARE.
(Long and short tails.)

☞ They are in excellent condition, and well bred, and most of them suitable for the

INDIAN MARKET,

Some of them are powerful Horses, and particularly adapted for

CARRIAGE OR DRAY HORSES.

They will be put up either in one lot or separately, to suit purchasers.

Terms at sale. 5526

SLOPS AND DRAPERY GOODS.

TO DRAPERS AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, near Hunter-street,

THIS DAY, 7TH APRIL,
At 11 o'clock precisely,

1 Case regatta shirts
1 Bale striped shirts
1 Ditto flushing trousers
1 Ditto super calicos
1 Case hosiery
1 Bale blue cloth jackets and trousers
1 Case cotton handkerchiefs
1 Bale grey calicos
1 Bale Scotch twilled shirts.

Terms at sale. 5673

TO CLOSE ACCOUNTS.

TO WINE MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, near Hunter-street,

ON WEDNESDAY NEXT, APRIL 8, 1846,
At eleven o'clock precisely,

Helvellyan, 2. 1 dozen cases claret
„ 1 Ullage case sauterne
D.R.S. 11. 1 dozen cases claret
Regia 16. 1 dozen ditto ditto
Ulysses, } 5. „ „ „
} 1. „ „ „
O.S } 2. „ „ „
} 1 Ullage case port wine
WW 1 Ullage case claret
„ 1 Ditto 4 dozen case sauterne
S 1 Ditto ullage ditto ditto
1 Hogshead Tarragona wine
1 Quarter cask port wine
1 Hogshead } Cape Madeira
1 Quarter cask }

ALSO,

14. 14 lb. tins green paint
17. 28 lb. kegs white lead.

Terms at sale. 5760

POSITIVELY WITHOUT A RESERVE.

THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL V. M'KINLAY.
SAME V. SAME.

PRIME LOT OF CATTLE.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

THIS DAY, 7TH APRIL,
At twelve o'clock,

110 HEAD CATTLE, branded WA on the ribs, and KY J

50 head cattle, more or less, branded KY J

160 head, more or less

☞ Of the above cattle upwards of fifty head are fat bullocks, and as many more are milch cows, of the choicest description.

They are now running upon Mr. William Alison's Station, Liverpool Plains, where they will be delivered.

P.S.—All communications having reference to the above to be post paid.

Terms—Cash. 5750

AMERICAN CLOCKS.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George street, on

THURSDAY, 9TH APRIL,
At eleven o'clock,

8 CASES AMERICAN CLOCKS

Terms at sale. 5749

SODA ASH.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on

THURSDAY, 9TH APRIL,
At 11 o'clock,

6 TIERCES } Soda Ash, 50 per cent.
16 Barrels }

Terms at sale. 5747

SICILIAN WHITE WINE.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on

THURSDAY, 9TH APRIL,
At twelve o'clock,

21 HOGSHEADS SICILIAN White Wine

Terms at sale. 5748

SUPERIOR FURNITURE, CHINA, GLASS, BOOKS, &c.

MR. BLACKMAN has been favoured with instructions from

G. E. R. LINGARD, ESQ.,

in consequence of his intended departure for England,

TO SELL BY AUCTION,

at his Residence, No. 95, Hunter-street, near Macquarie-street,

ON WEDNESDAY, 8TH APRIL, 1846,
At 11 o'clock precisely,

ALL THE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CONSISTING OF—

Dining table (two leaves), easy chair, covered with leather; handsome sofa, hair covered and stuffed; child's chair, cane seated chairs, stools, hearth rugs, very superior 21-day "TIME PIECE," handsome plated cruet frame, plated candlesticks, handsome work tables, superior English made

MAHOGANY BOOK CASE, WITH ESCRITOIR

cheffoniers, decanters, wine and champagne glasses, tumblers, spirit case, dinner service, breakfast ditto, wire dish covers, tea, bread, and knife trays, lamps, jugs, cutlery, wardrobes, chest of drawers, wash-stands, fourpost bedstead, iron bedstead, large hair mattrass, stretchers, dressing-table, toilet glass. A quantity of French and other books, amongst which will be found some very select works by Marryatt, Cooper, Dickins, and others.

ALSO,

Kitchen and laundry utensils.

Terms—Cash. 5591

SIX BALES WOOL.

MR. BLACKMAN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 489, George-street, on

THURSDAY, 9TH INSTANT,
At eleven o'clock precisely,
Six bales fine washed wool

Terms—Cash. 5744

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEES AND TRUSTEE OF THE ESTATE OF JOHT SMITH.

"VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY."

TWO VALUABLE BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, WITH BUILDINGS THEREON, SITUATE IN

"PARK-STREET,"

CITY OF SYDNEY, ADJOINING THE BARLEY MOW INN;

ALSO,

VALUABLE LAND AND PREMISES, SITUATE IN GOULBURN AND ELIZABETH STREETS, COMPRISING THE CROWN INN, AND OTHER BUILDINGS;

AND

AN ACRE, TWO ROODS, AND EIGHTEEN PERCHES OF LAND, IN THE DISTRICT OF LIBERTY PLAINS;

AFTER WHICH,

TEN SHARES IN THE AUSTRALASIAN SUGAR COMPANY, £50 PAID UP ON EACH,

AND

AN AUSTRALASIAN SUGAR COMPANY'S DEBENTURE FOR £225, BEARING INTEREST AT THE RATE OF 8 PER CENT.

MR. BLACKMAN has been favoured with instructions from the Mortgagees and Trustee of the Estate of John Smith, to sell, at his Rooms, 489, George-street, Sydney,

ON THURSDAY, THE 9TH APRIL, 1846,
At twelve o'clock precisely,

"PARK-STREET."

All that piece or parcel of land, containing by admeasurement ten and a half perches, be the same more or less, being lot No. 18 of section No. 32, described in the Government Notice dated 3rd June, 1834.

IN TWO LOTS.

Lot 1, Park-street. } Has a frontage to PARK-STREET, of twenty-five feet (more or less), with depth as per deed of grant of 54 feet (more or less); on this lot there is erected, and now standing thereon, a stone and brick house, with upper story, a weather-boarded cottage, and other outbuildings.

Lot 2. Park-street. } Adjoining Lot 1, and has a frontage of twenty-six feet (more or less), to Park-street, backed at the lower end by the portion included in this lot, as will be explained at time of sale, and is now occupied on a life interest; it has a comfortable weather-boarded Dwelling-house on it, with premises attached, and adjoins the "BARLEY MOW INN."

A plan of the above (on view at the Mart) by Mr. Armstrong, from actual survey.

ELIZABETH AND GOULBURN STREET PROPERTIES.

Comprising the CROWN INN and other Buildings, as per plan, on view at the Mart.

THIS PROPERTY

possesses a frontage to Elizabeth-street of 19 feet, and to Goulburn-street 112 feet (more or less) then by a line dividing it from Mr. Roberts's property, through to a reserve road leading from Elizabeth-street, then by a line east sixty feet, then by a line south thirty-nine feet, and then by a line east fifty-four feet six inches to the commencing point—this property comprises that well-known established brick and stone-built House, known as the

CROWN INN,

now let to Mrs. Roberts at the reasonable rent of

ONE HUNDRED POUNDS PER ANNUM,

BUTCHERS' SHOP AND BRICK-BUILT COTTAGE,

now let to Mr. Welsh at the low rent of of twelve shillings per week.

ALSO,

TWO WEATHER-BOARDED COTTAGES,

fronting the reserved road, leading from Elizabeth-street, let to industrious tenants at the weekly rent of four shillings each,

PRODUCING A RENT ROLL OF £152 PER ANNUM, VIZ.—

	£	s.	d.	
The Crown Inn (£25 per quarter)	100	0	0	Per Annum.
Butcher's Shop and Cottage (12s. per week)	31	4	0	Per Annum.
Two Cottages (8s. per week)	20	16	0	Per Annum.
	£152	0	0	

AFTER WHICH,

10 SHARES IN THE AUSTRALASIAN SUGAR COMPANY,

£50 paid up on each.

AND

AN AUSTRALASIAN SUGAR COMPANY'S DEBENTURE, FOR £225,

Bearing interest at the rate of 8 per cent.

Terms and conditions at the time of sale. 4667

RICH BLACK SILK VELVETS, BLACK AND COLOURED SATINETTS, DARK BONNET RIBBONS, BLACK AND COLOURED SATINS, MERINOS, SLOPS, HOSIERY, &c., &c., &c.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL sell by public auction, at his Rooms,

ON THURSDAY NEXT, 9TH APRIL,
At 11 o'clock precisely,

WITHOUT RESERVE,

Thirty-eight packages of Drapery and Slops, just landed, as under—

Rich black Genoa velvets
„ „ „ satinetts
„ coloured „
„ white and brown satins
„ handsome dark bonnet ribbons
„ „ white „ „
„ plain satin „ „
Black and coloured Coburg cloths
„ „ Orleans „
Rich cashmere dresses
Black and white cotton hosiery
Men's grey ribbed worsted hose
„ „ lambs' wool half-hose
„ white merino vests
„ „ „ pants
Children's socks of all sorts
Ladies' white and black silk hose
Black and coloured silk fringes
36-inch superior longcloths
36-inch extra stout „
72-inch white sheetings
80 and 90-inch ditto ditto
72-inch grey ditto
White shirts, linen fronts, &c.
Regatta and striped shirts
Drab moleskin trousers
Ditto ditto jackets
Ditto cord ditto
Monkey and pea ditto
Blue pilot coats, velvet collars
Light and dark Valencia vests
Blue serge shirts
Ditto striped Guernseys
A general assortment of haberdashery, consisting of threads, cottons, needles, pins, tapes, cord, mending, buttons, bobbins, &c., &c.

Terms at sale. 5746

BOOTS AND SHOES.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL sell by auction, at his Rooms, on

THIS DAY, THE 7TH APRIL,
At 11 o'clock precisely,

Eight trunks, containing a general assortment of the undermentioned articles, the whole of which will positively be sold

WITHOUT RESERVE:—

Lasting slippers
Grain
Patent Spanish and goat
Black Adelaide boots, patent fronts
Coloured „ „ „
Bronze Morocco slippers, trimmed
Red „ „ gilt and ribbon ornaments
Velvet slippers
Bronze kid ditto
Black kid ditto
Quilted shoes, trimmed
Black silk slippers
Black satin ditto
A general assortment of children's boots and shoes
Ladies' Chamois and roan morning slippers
Ladies' overall boots
Gentlemen's patent pumps
A quantity of shoemakers' materials, consisting of lasting, dice, and diamond silk, &c., &c.

Mr. Newton is instructed to state, that the above shoes, &c., are of the best quality, and in first-rate condition.

Terms at sale.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

Will sell by auction, at his Rooms,

THIS DAY, 7TH APRIL,
At eleven o'clock precisely,

TWELVE TRUNKS, containing a general assortment of ladies' and children's

Lasting
Grain
Patent, goat, and Spanish boots and shoes
Ladies' and gentlemen's carpet slippers

The above goods are quite fresh, and in good order, and will be sold

WITHOUT RESERVE

Terms at sale.

TO GUNMAKERS.

SINGLE AND DOUBLE BARRELLED GUNS, SHOT BELTS, POWDER FLASKS, AND GUNMAKER'S TOOLS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms,

THIS DAY, 7TH APRIL,
At twelve o'clock precisely,

TEN Cases, containing single and double barrelled guns, shot belts, powder flasks, &c., &c.

Terms at sale.

CONGO TEA.

TO GROCERS, GENERAL DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, City Mart, 474, George-street, on

WEDNESDAY, 8TH INSTANT,
At eleven o'clock precisely,

70 Boxes Congo Tea
In lots to suit purchasers.

Terms at sale.

GENERAL GROCERY SALE.

TO GROCERS, STOREKEEPERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, City Mart, 474, George-street, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 8TH INSTANT,
At 11 o clock precisely,

50 Cases, each 1 dozen, castor oil, quarts
20 „ „ 2 dozen, ditto ditto, pints
10 Chests hysonskin tea
10 Cases salad oil
20 Boxes candles
10 Cases lemon syrup
5 Casks split peas
3 „ Canary seed
20 Barrels washing soda
50 Boxes muscatels
5 Casks Epsom salts
With a variety of other groceries, &c., &c.

Terms at sale.

BEEF AND PORK.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, City Mart, 474, George-street, on

WEDNESDAY 8TH INSTANT,
At 11 o'clock precisely,

20 Barrels IRISH PORK, *Just landed*
10 Tierces BEEF ROUNDS, in prime condition.

Terms at sale.

JAVA COFFEE.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, City Mart, 474, George-street, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 8TH INSTANT,
At 11 o'clock precisely,

Thirty-eight bags Java Coffee, in fine condition, and in lots to suit purchasers.

Terms at sale.

WINES.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, City Mart, 474, George-street, on

WEDNESDAY, 8TH INSTANT,
At 12 o'clock precisely,

10 Cases, each 3 dozen sherry
5 Ditto, each 3 dozen port
12 Ditto, each 1 dozen claret
5 Quarter-casks sherry
4 Ditto ditto Marsala
4 Ditto port
3 Hogsheads sherry
2 Ditto Marsala

BATHURST.

IMPORTANT SHEEP SALE

MESSRS. TRESS AND ASH have received instructions to dispose of by public auction, at "*Read's Inn*," on

FRIDAY, 17TH INSTANT,
The undermentioned Sheep, viz.:—

1200 Ewes of ages
600 Maiden
400 Wethers, 18 months to 3 years
1000 Lambs

3200 Head

The above are a splendid flot of sheep of Finch's breed, warranted never to have been diseased, and are only sold on account of the proprietor leaving the district. They are running at Frederick's Valley, in the neighbourhood of Bathurst, where they can be seen at any time previous to the sale.

Also, immediately after the above, at the same place, will be sold

275 Two-tooth wethers
35 Eighteen-month ditto
164 Maiden ewes
12 Ewes, aged
35 Eight-month ewes

521 Head, warranted clean

With the interest in the station on which they are now running, situated on the Campbell River, with a never failing supply of water, and capable of depasturing 3000 head,—on which is an excellent slab hut, papered top and bottom, containing four rooms, with sheep-yards, men's huts, &c., &c., distant about 18 miles from Bathurst.

All further particulars can be obtained at the office of the auctioneer.

Terms at sale.

Printed and Published by CHARLES KEMP *and* JOHN FAIRFAX, *at the Morning Herald Printing Office, Lower George-street, Sydney, New South Wales. Tuesday, April 7, 1846.*